

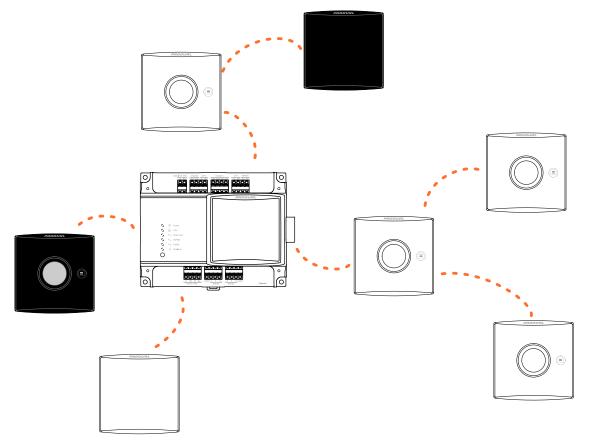
Network properties

Produal Proxima[®] wireless network is based on Lumenradio MIRA platform that provides a wireless mesh network with unprecedented scalability and reliability. The Mira network is a self-healing multi-hop network system that operate on the worldwide license-free 2,4 GHz ISM band. With patented Future-Proof Coexistence Connectivity (FPCC) technologies we enable connectivity that can safely co-exist along other wireless technologies, not being interfered or causing interference.

(i)

Important: The network uses 2,4 GHz frequency for communication. The frequency is an ISM frequency band that can be used worldwide without any licence fees. If you are not sure about the permissions to use this frequency in your country, contact your local authority for more information.

Produal Proxima[®] WBU base unit supports up to 100 transmitters and separate repeaters are not needed. The transmitters work as repeaters without any special configuration.



Only Wireless Produal Proxima[®] MESH 2,4 GHz products are compatible with the network.

MIRA is used for wireless communication between transmitters and base unit. Produal MyTool[®] can't communicate with wireless devices using MIRA. Bluetooth is used for communication between Produal MyTool[®] and wireless devices. The Bluetooth communication can be active with only one device at a time.

() NOTE Note

Note: The wireless devices can use only one communication protocol at a time. The device is disconnected from the MIRA network when the Bluetooth is activated.

The wireless devices also support Bluetooth beacon messages. Beacon messages are one-way messages from transmitters and base unit to Produal MyTool[®] application. These messages are used to send information to application when monitoring or debugging the network. *Signal scanner* also uses these beacon messages to calculate signal strength between device and application. The beacon messages can be used also when the device is connected to a MIRA network.

Base unit sends the beacon messages continuously. The transmitter beacon messages can be activated manually and the messages are active for one hour in following situations.

• During the transmitter installation to network, after the MIRA communication is activated.



- Transmitter is restarted.
- The beacon messages are activated by pressing the button.

Reading beacon data

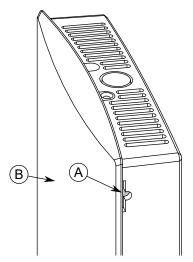
The wireless devices also support Bluetooth beacon messages. The beacon messages are one-way messages that can be sent with same time with MIRA and Bluetooth communication. You can't install transmitters to network using beacon data.

- 1. Start Produal MyTool[®].
- 2. Press the *Wireless installation projects* button.
- 3. Press the Scan beacon data button.
- 4. Select the device from the list.

If the wireless device there are ??? on the signal strength, the device is out of the coverage area or the beacon data has turned off (transmitters send the beacon data for one hour). To remove the transmitters that are not in the area, press the *Clear device list* button.

5. If the device is not showing in the list, press the connection button very shortly (under one second).

The indicator light flashes quickly to indicate the button press.



- A. Connection button
- B. Indicator light

() NOTE Note: Use a small screwdriver or a similar tool to push the button.

Note: If you press the button for over one second, the device Bluetooth activates and the device is disconnected from the wireless network. Press the button again over one second to deactivate the Bluetooth.

The transmitter sends the beacon messages for one hour. The beacon messages are also sent for one hour after the transmitter is connected to a network or restarted.



6. Press the Show device data button.

Back	pd PRODUAL
Wireless [Device Data
MODEL	WTR
SERIAL NUMBER	xxxx-xx-xx-xxxxxxxx
TRANSMITTER ID	1
PARENT ID	0 (Gateway)
TEMPERATURE	23.9 °C
RELATIVE HUMIDITY	Not supported
C02	Not supported
BATTERY	90%
MESH NETWORK STATUS	Joined to a network
MESH LINK QUALITY	92 %
FIRMWARE VERSION	XX.X - X.X.X.X
LAST SEEN	105 seconds ago
Ba	ack

See the following table for more details about the *Wireless Device Data* view.

Parameter	Description		
MODEL	Product model.		
SERIAL NUMBER	Device serial number.		
TRANSMITTER ID	Transmitter ID number.		
PARENT ID	ID of the device that the transmitter is connected to. The ID 0 means that the transmitter is directly connected to base unit. The ID 255 means that the transmitter is not connected to a network.		
TEMPERATURE	Temperature measurement.		
RELATIVE HUMIDITY	Relative humidity measurement. If the device is not equipped with relative humidity sensor, the text <i>Not supported</i> is displayed.		
C02	CO_2 measurement. If the device is not equipped with CO_2 sensor, the text <i>Not supported</i> is displayed.		
BATTERY	Battery level (0100 %).		
MESH NETWORK	Transmitter's network	Not associated	The transmitter doesn't see the network.
STATUS	status.	Associated	The transmitter has found the network and is connecting to it.
		Joined to a network	The transmitter is connected to the network.
MESH LINK QUALITY	Signal quality. The signal quality value describes the connection quality to the parent device. Values between 5 % and 100 % are acceptable values for functional network.		
FIRMWARE VERSION	Device firmware version.		
LAST SEEN	Time that has elapsed since the Produal MyTool® has received the last beacon message.		



Wireless network functions

Power consumption

The wireless devices can be powered with a battery or with wired power supply (WTR24).

The battery powered transmitters measure the battery level two times a day. The value means that the battery level is at least the given value, not the absolute value.

Important: The battery level value is calculated from the device load. The level counter resets when the battery is changed. Use only unused batteries when changing.

The battery life depends on the installation environment, used polling interval and firmware updates. Use 3600 mAh batteries to achieve optimal battery life.

Base unit inputs and outputs

The base unit has six configurable inputs and outputs for I/O purposes. The wireless transmitter signals can be forwarded directly to outputs and the input values can be read via Modbus. You can set the input and output functions by using Produal MyTool[®]. There are also two 24 Vac supply outputs for external devices.

The available input types are: NTC 10, Pt1000, resistive, potential free contact and 0...10 Vdc. The outputs are 0...10 Vdc and they can be scaled freely inside the range.

Average groups

The data collected from the transmitters can be arranged into five average groups. One average group can be represent one measured property, such as temperature, humidity, carbon dioxide, etc. One transmitter can be in several groups and one group can include only one measured property. The average groups can be defined using Produal MyTool[®].

The average value is calculated continuously from the latest available values. The highest and lowest measurements are also available for the group.

Measurements that exceed or fall below a particular subset can be dropped out from the calculation. For example, you can set that under 15 °C and over 30 °C measurements are dropped from the average calculation. These limits are only available for temperature values.

Alarms

You can read the alarms based on the wireless network information from the base unit Modbus registers. The alarms always include the device ID that is sending the alarm. The following alarms are available.

- Battery level alarm. You can set the battery level that causes an alarm.
- Missing transmitter alarm.
- Measurement value alarm. You can set the measurement value limits that define the normal values. An alarm is caused when the value drops under the low limit or rises over the high limit.
- Condensation alarm (WTR-IM).

Modbus register grouping

With the Modbus register grouping you can group the transmitter information to a smaller Modbus register range. This enables the read multiple values Modbus function. The function can be used for reading temperature measurements from the whole network, for example. You can set up to ten register groups (0...9) that can be read from the same input register range.



The grouped register range is from 18X00 to 18X99 according to the transmitter ID. The X is the set number (0...9). The grouped registers are defined in the holding registers 18000...18009.

For example if you want to read a temperature value from the transmitter with ID 27, you can read the values from the input register 18026. The register group 0 is for temperature by default. The original register for the transmitter temperature is 22651.

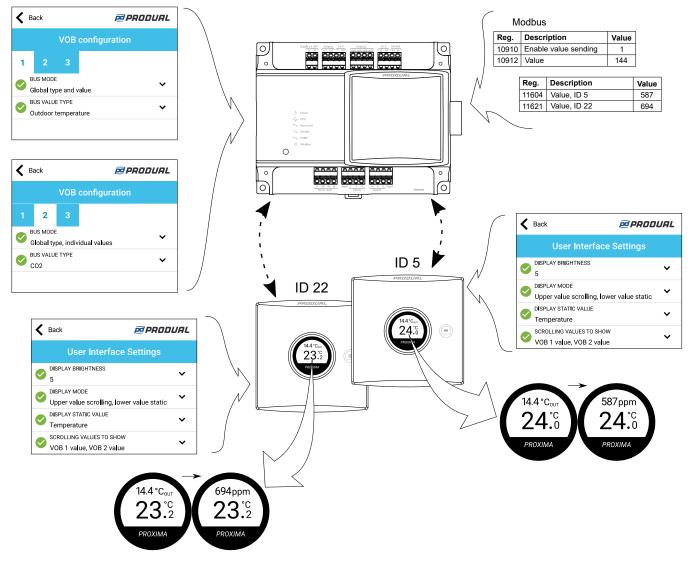
Value over bus (VOB)

The data can be transmitted in two directions, which allows also external values to be viewed on the transmitters' displays. The base station has writeable Modbus registers, where the data can be written and then send to the transmitters. The function is useful for example if BMS information must be viewed on a transmitter display.

Two transmitter specific values can be shown on the displays. Also one global value (e.g. outdoor temperature) can be shown on all displays in the network. The used value type is set to base unit settings by using Produal MyTool[®].

() NOTE Note: The transmitter specific value type must be the same for all transmitters.

See the following figure for an example configuration.



The VOB data is updated to transmitters in specific messages and the interval of these messages is fixed to the network size. The update frequency can be calculated by using the following formula: network size x 5 s. For example, if there are 10 transmitters and a base unit in the network, the update interval is approximately 55 s.



VOB value types

MyTool value	Modbus register value	Value description	Range
No value	0	VOB is not in use.	-
Temperature	1	Temperature.	-100,0100,0 °C
Humidity	2	Humidity.	0100,00 %rH
CO2	3	CO ₂ value.	010000 ppm
<i>Hot water consumption (Finnish)</i>	8	Hot water consumption (Finnish).	030000 m ³ LV
Cold water consumption (Finnish)	9	Cold water consumption (Finnish).	030000 m ³ KV
Indoor temperature	11	Indoor temperature.	-100,0100,0 °C C _{IN}
Outdoor temperature	12	Outdoor temperature.	-100,0100,0 °C C _{OUT}

Temperature measurement stability

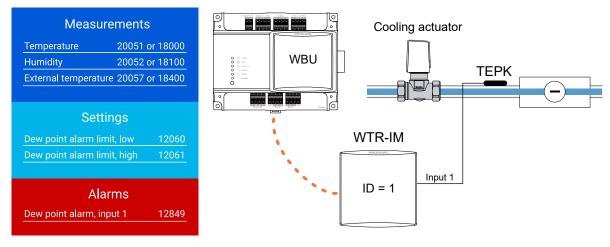
Temperature measurement stability function indicates how stable the measurement is. The stability is calculated from the measurement value and high and low limits. If the measured temperature drops under low limit or rises over high limit, stability value will start to decrease from 100 % towards 0 %.

If the temperature is outside the limits for the set time, the stability value reaches 0 %. If the measurement value rises/lowers back between limits, stability value will rise from 0 % towards 100 %.

The stability calculation is based on 24 measurements that are distributed to the chosen time frame (1...65535 h). For example, if the time is set to 24 h, the stability measuring interval is one hour.

Dew point calculation

The dew point calculation can be used for example to prevent water to condensate on a cooling water pipe. If the temperature drops below dew point, water will condensate on the pipe surface. The function calculates the dew point using temperature, relative humidity and external temperature.



Example:

Ambient conditions	
Starting temperature	24 °C
Relative humidity	50 %
External temperature	10 °C

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Ambient conditions		
Starting dew point	12,9 °C	
Settings		
Dew point alarm low limit	2 °C	
Dew point alarm low limit Dew point alarm high limit	2 °C 3 °C	

If the temperature drops to 22,9 °C, the dew point lowers to 11,9 °C. Because dew point alarm low limit is 2°C, an alarm is triggered (11,9 - 10 < 2). When the temperature rises to 24 °C and the dew point rises to 12,9 °C, the alarm stays on because alarm high limit is set to 3 °C (12,9 - 10 < 3). When the temperature rises 24,2 °C and dew point to 13,1 °C, the alarm turns off.

Firmware updates

The base unit firmware can be updated only locally using Produal MyTool[®].

The transmitter firmware updates can be done locally or by using Firmware Over The Air (FOTA) function.

The FOTA function updates the devices over the wireless network. The FOTA firmware update process can take up from few minutes to several hours depending on the network size. The base unit updates two devices at a time and then moves to the next devices until the whole network is updated to the latest firmware version. The update process starts from the closest transmitter in the network.

Note: Note: The FOTA function requires more power than the regular transmitter functioning. Therefore the FOTA updates should be planned carefully in battery powered network. The transmitter is not updated if the battery level is too low (under 10 %).

Note: The FOTA process doesn't interfere with the wireless network functioning. However, the whole network is restarted after all devices have been updated.

Measurement data sending interval

The measurement data can be read from the transmitters based on the base unit polling, with fixed interval and with a Change of Value (COV) function.

Transmitters send the measurement information to the base unit according to the base unit polling interval. The base unit requests the measurement information according to this interval even if other data sending methods are also selected. The interval can be set to 30...65535 s (30 s...18 h).

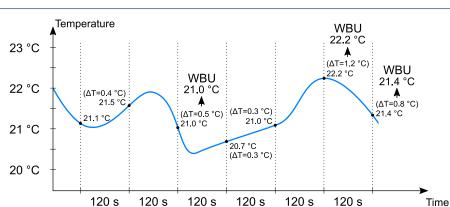
In COV mode, the transmitter sends the measurement data also when the data changes. If the value has changed more than the given hysteresis, this data is sent to the base station. The measurement is continuous in transmitters with wired power supply. In battery powered transmitters, the measurement is activated according to the network activity interval. The network activity interval can be set to 5...65535 s.

() NOTE Note: Short interval (< 60 s) may significantly shorten the battery life.

Note: Note: The COV mode may significantly shorten the battery life if the hysteresis is set to very low value.

In the following example, the network activity interval is 120 s and the COV hysteresis is 0.5 °C.





If the fixed interval is selected in the transmitter, the measurement data is sent to the base unit also with this interval. The interval can be set to 5...65535 s.

() NOTE Note: Short interval (< 60 s) may significantly shorten the battery life.

Indicator lights

WBU indicator lights

The indicator lights indicate the device status.

	\bigcirc	(Power
	\bigcirc	3F	CPU
	\bigcirc		Room unit
	\bigcirc		RS-485
	\bigcirc		PUMP
	\bigcirc))	Wireless
	\bigcirc		
	\bigcirc		
F			

Power

The light is on when the supply voltage is connected.

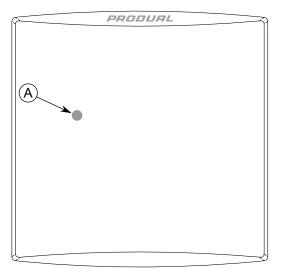
CPU		Produal MyTool [®] is connected to the device.
	- O - O - O - O - O - O - O - O - O - O	All transmitters are online and working.
	- O - O - O - O - O - O - O - O - O - O	At least one transmitter is offline.
	- O - O - O - O - O - O - O - O - O - O	The network is not configured.
Room unit		The light is not in use.

Room unit	The light is not in use.
RS-485	The light indicates the communication in the RS-485 port.
PUMP	The light indicates that PUMP expansions are connected to the unit.
Wireless	Indicates the push of the connection button.



WTR indicator lights

The indicator light indicates the device status. The indicator light is active during the first hour after connecting the power supply, or after the transmitter has lost connection to the network, or after the device has booted.



A. Indicator light

	Produal MyTool [®] is connected to the device.
$-\bigcirc - \bigcirc $	The device is connected to the network.
$-\bigcirc -\bigcirc -$	The device is searching the network.
$-\bigcirc - \bigcirc - \bigcirc - \bigcirc - \bigcirc - \bigcirc - 0 - \bigcirc - 0 - 0 -$	The network is not configured.

The indicator light also indicates if the connection button is pressed.

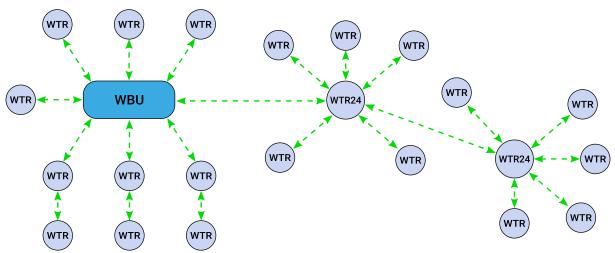


Building the wireless network

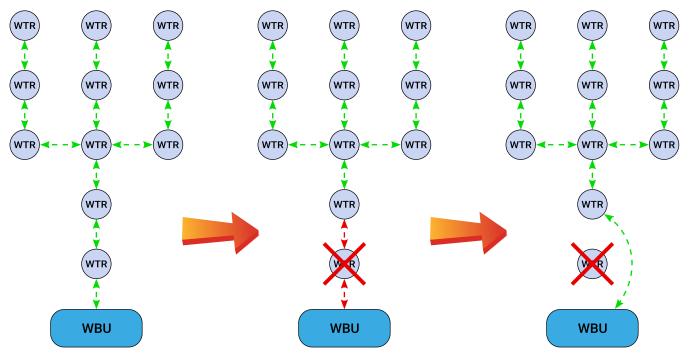
Designing the wireless network

In the mesh network, the base unit should be located in the centre of the network to achieve the optimal network functionality. However, the central base unit positioning is not always possible. In these situations, you should consider carefully the used devices in the network.

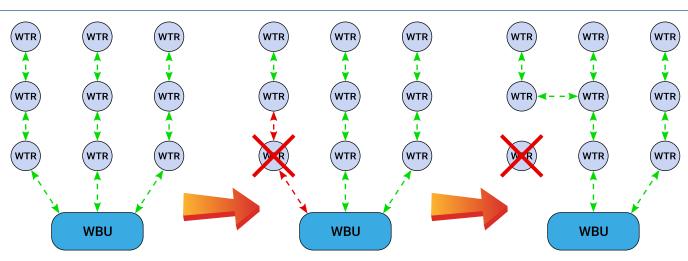
Produal Proxima[®] MESH can be fully battery operated. If your network has transmitters with external power supply, the network will prefer these when routing the messages. When designing a bigger network these external power supply devices can be used as the backbone of the network. If there is power loss in external power supply, battery operated devices will route traffic normally.



It is recommended to install more than one routing transmitter within the base unit signal range. This improves the network functionality and reliability. The following figures illustrate the network rerouting functionality when a routing transmitter is disconnected from network.







Signal range

Because the radio signals are electromagnetic waves, the signal becomes weaker the further it travels. The radio signal coverage is also decreased by specific materials that are in the propagation direction. The radio waves can penetrate walls, but the signal is dampened more than in the direct line of sight path. See the following table for the different construction material effect on the radio signal strength.

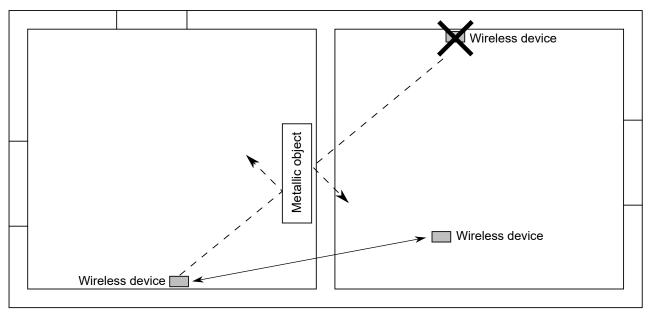
Material	Range reduction compared to direct line of sight
Wood, plaster, uncoated glass	010 %
Brick, press board	535 %
Concrete, reinforced concrete	1090 %
Metal, aluminium lining	90100 %

Effect of metal structures

Metallic parts, e.g. wall reinforcements, thermal insulation metal foils and metallized heat-absorbing glasses reflect radio waves. This creates a so called radio shadow behind the structure.

The radio transmission may work even if there are metallic obstacles on the direct path to the receiver. The radio waves reach to the destination by reflecting from metallic objects and passing through nonmetallic objects (doors, windows, wooden walls). However, the radio signal range is strongly reduced.

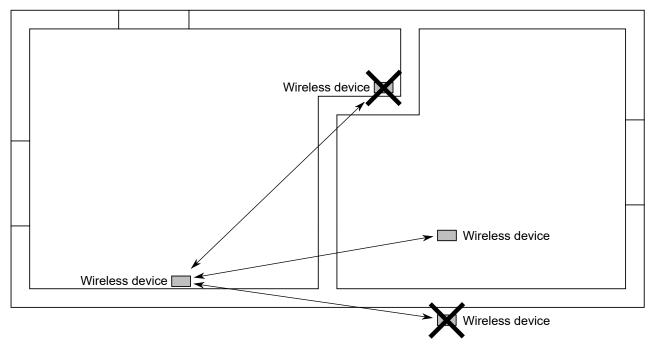
The radio transmission problems can be avoided by placing the devices on a direct propagation path.





Wall penetration angle

The wireless devices should be placed so that the radio signal goes through a wall as directly as possible. The attenuation is higher the longer the signal travels inside the wall. Avoid installing the devices in wall recesses.



Planning the wireless device positions

The device locations should be planned carefully by observing possible radio shadow places and other restrictive factors. The radio coverage in commercial buildings is usually restricted by fire safety walls that cause radio shadows. However, inside the fire protected sections, lightweight or glass partition walls are commonly used.

- 1. Take the building floor plan.
- **2.** Locate and mark all relevant radio shadows to the plan.
 - Fire protection walls
 - Lavatories
 - Staircases
 - Elevator shafts
 - Big metallic furniture (e.g. cabinets)



3. Plan the device locations.

Make sure the fixed power supply is available where needed. See the following table for power supply options.

Device	Power supply	
	Battery	24 Vac/dc
WBU		x
WTR	x	
WTR24		x
WTR-IM	x	x

Note: For reliable range planning, you have to assume some unfavourable conditions. () NOTE Planning with a few meters smaller range offers reserve against the most typical bad conditions. Bad conditions are often resulted from later environmental changes (people, partition wall relocations, furniture, plants, etc.). Also the device real positions might deviate from the plan.

- **4.** Verify the device locations before final installation by checking the signal propagation paths.
- **5.** Check the signal strength in the planned locations during commissioning and adjust as needed.

Placing and mounting the base unit

The ideal base unit installation place is the central location in the network area. The device should be at least 10...15 cm away from the wall corner or concrete ceiling. If the base unit is installed inside a metal cabinet, use the antenna extension cable WA-AS1.

The base unit is designed for hidden installation, e.g. above a false ceiling, and doesn't normally require any additional cover for the cabling. However, the installation regulations may be different in your country.

Important: Check the local installation regulations before making any installations. \bigcirc

It's recommended to use cable ties or equivalent to have some pull relief and to tidy up the installation. If a touch protection is required on the terminals, please use a CUCC cable cover.

The base unit can be mounted on the wall by screws or to a 35 mm DIN rail.

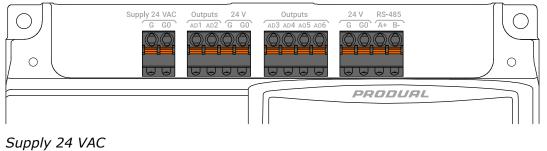
Wiring

CAUTION: Device wiring and commissioning can only be carried out by qualified professionals. Always make the wirings while the power is switched off.

The device terminals are grouped according to the functions to avoid any wiring mistakes. There are extra G and G0 terminals for connecting the separate supply voltage for other devices.

The terminals are designed for maximum of 1,5 mm² cable area. Please note that the cables for communication (RS-485) should be twisted pair (2x2 pairs).

Top connectors





G0 Ground

Outputs

AD1	1 Output 1. 010 Vdc (-0,5+2 mA) output.	
AD2	Output 2. 010 Vdc (-0,5+2 mA) output.	

24 V

G	24 Vac output.	
G0 Ground		

Outputs

AD3 Output 3. 010 Vdc (-0,5+2 mA) output.			
AD4 Output 5. 010 Vdc (-0,5+2 mA) output.			
A05	Output 5. 010 Vdc (-0,5+2 mA) output.		
A06	Output 6. 010 Vdc (-0,5+2 mA) output.		

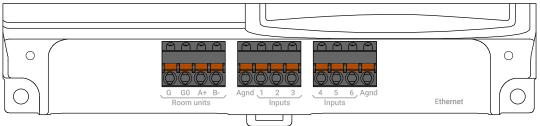
24 V

G	24 Vac output.		
G0	Ground		

RS-485

A+	RS-485 bus connection for Modbus RTU.
В-	RS-465 bus connection for Moubus RTO.

Bottom connectors



Room units

G	
G0	
A+	Not in use.
В-	

Inputs

0 V		
1 Input 1. NTC 10 / Pt1000 / Resistive / Potential free contact / 010 Vdc		
Input 2. NTC 10 / Pt1000 / Resistive / Potential free contact / 010 Vdc		
Input 3. NTC 10 / Pt1000 / Resistive / Potential free contact / 010 Vdc		
Input 4. NTC 10 / Pt1000 / Resistive / Potential free contact / 010 Vdc		
Input 5. NTC 10 / Pt1000 / Resistive / Potential free contact / 010 Vdc		
Input 6. NTC 10 / Pt1000 / Resistive / Potential free contact / 010 Vdc		
0 V		

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Ethernet

Ethernet RJ-45 connector for Modbus TCP.

Mounting wireless transmitters

Place the wireless transmitters according to the plan avoiding radio shadows.

The device can be installed in dry surroundings (IP20) by screws on the wall surface or on the standard flush mounting box. The recommended installation height is 150...180 cm.

The device position should be selected carefully. All the error factors that can affect to the measurements should be eliminated as well as possible. The following list defines the typical measurement error factors.

- direct sun light
- occupant proximity
- air flow coming from windows or doors
- air flow coming from ventilation nozzles
- air flow coming from the flush mounting box
- differential temperature caused by external wall

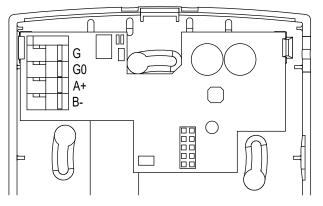
Powering WTR

WTR models have a battery for power supply. The devices are delivered with a with a battery that is disconnected by using a disconnecting strip. Open the cover and remove the strip to enable the power supply for the device.

Wiring WTR24

The WTR24 models have connectors for 24 Vac/dc supply.

CAUTION: Device wiring and commissioning can only be carried out by qualified professionals. Always make the wirings while the power is switched off.

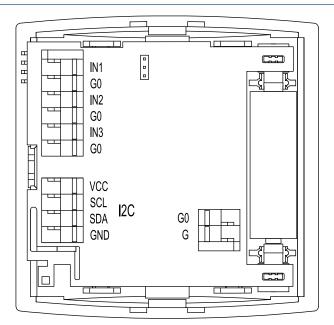


G	24 Vac/dc supply			
G0	Ground			
A+	Not in use.			
В-	Not in use.			

Wiring WTR-IM

CAUTION: Device wiring and commissioning can only be carried out by qualified professionals. Always make the wirings while the power is switched off.





IN1	Input 1 (010 V or NTC 10 or digital or resistive).	
G0		
IN2	Input 2 (010 V or NTC 10 or digital or resistive).	
G0		
IN3	Input 3 (010 V or NTC 10 or digital or resistive). The input supports energy harvesting from 010 V	
G0	signal when the device is battery powered. The harvesting is active if the signal is over 4 V.	

Note: When using 0...10 V inputs, the input potential must be the same that is used in the connected 0...10 V device. Use common G0 with the connected device's power supply, for example.

Note: Use NO type contact for digital input, if the device is only battery powered. NC requires power and that significantly shortens the battery life.

VCC		35 Vdc
SCL	I2C models	Serial clock line.
SDA		Serial data line.
GND		0 V
G0	0 V	
G	1030 Vdc / 1228 Vac	

Network configuring and commissioning procedure

It's recommended to follow the following procedure to be able to configure and commission the wireless network successfully.

- Design the network and place the devices.
 See the section Building the wireless network on page 10.
- Configure the base unit settings.
 See the section Configuring the base unit settings on page 18.
- **3.** Set up the network. See the section Setting up a new wireless network on page 28.
- Configure transmitter settings.
 See the section Configuring the wireless transmitters on page 35.



5. Connect the transmitters to the network starting from the closest transmitter. See the chapter Adding devices to wireless network on page 29.



Configuring the base unit settings

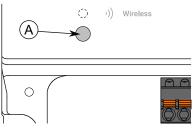
To configure the device, you first need to connect it to Produal MyTool[®] application. When the device is connected to application, you can make changes to the configuration.

- 1. Connect the supply voltage to the base unit.
- 2. Start Produal MyTool[®].
- **3.** Press the *Devices* button.

The device list shows the devices that have Bluetooth activated.

() NOTE Note: The Bluetooth is enabled when the supply voltage is connected for the first time.

4. If the device is not showing in the list, press the connection button until the *CPU* indicator light flashes to enable the Bluetooth in the device.



A. Connection button

The indicator light should flash after pressing the button for one second.

() NOTE Note: Use a small screwdriver or a similar tool to push the button.

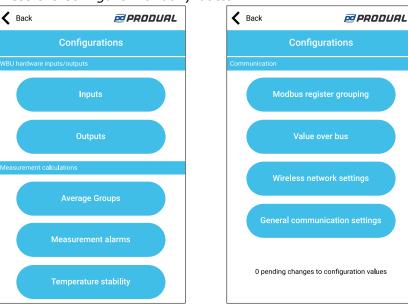
- **5.** Select the device from the list.
- **6.** Press the *Connect* button.

Wireless indicator light is illuminated continuously when Produal MyTool[®] is connected to the device.

K Back	pd PRODUAL		
Connection info			
DEVICE TYPE SERIAL NUMBER IPV4 (STATIC) MAC-ADDRESS (WIRELESS) MAC-ADDRESS (ETHERNET) NETWORK ID TRANSMITTERS ONLINE			
Wireless network			
() Network installation			
WBU configuration			
Configure manually			



7. Press the *Configure manually* button.



Configurations view has the following menus:

Inputs	Set up inputs.
Outputs	Set up outputs.
Average groups	Set up average group calculations from measured values. There are five calculation groups available.
Measurement alarms	Set up measurement alarms.
Temperature stability	Set up temperature measurement stability calculation.
Modbus register grouping	Set up Modbus register grouping.
Value over bus	Set up value over bus (VOB) settings.
Wireless network settings	Set up wireless network settings.
General communication settings	Set up communication parameters and network alarms.

See more information about the settings from the following chapters.

- **8.** Make the changes to configuration.
- **9.** Press *Install to device* button to write the changes to the device.
- 10Press the *Back* button.
- **11**Press the *Back* button again to disconnect from the device.
- **12**Select the disconnecting method.
 - Select *Disconnect* to disconnect the device without deactivating the device Bluetooth.
 - Select *End commissioning* to disconnect the device and deactivate the device Bluetooth.
 - Select Cancel to cancel disconnecting.
 - **Note:** Note: The wireless network communication (MIRA communication) starts only if the Bluetooth is deactivated. However, the device also deactivates the Bluetooth if connection to Produal MyTool[®] is lost for 30 minutes.

Setting inputs

There are six inputs and all the inputs are multifunctional. The input values can be read via Modbus.

- 1. Press the Inputs button in the Configurations display.
- **2.** Select the input you are going to set by pressing the number.

3. Select the input type. The available types are:

The input is deactivated.
Input for 010 Vdc signal.
Input for NTC 10 temperature sensor.
Input for Pt1000 temperature sensor.
Input for potential free contact.

- **4.** Press the *Edit parameters* button to set up the input. The *Edit parameters* button is available only for *Digital input*.
- 5. Make the settings.
 - See the following chapters for more details about the parameters.
- **6.** Press the *Confirm changes* button to save the changes.
- 7. Press the *Confirm changes* button again to save the changes.
- 8. Press *Install to device* button to write the changes to the device.

Available settings for digital input

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Contact-On level	0300000 Ω	300000 Ω	Contact on level. Set the input value that is interpreted as contact ON on value. The function works as a "software contact".
Contact-Off level	0300000 Ω	0Ω	Contact off level. Set the input value that is interpreted as contact OFF on value. The function works as a "software contact".

Setting outputs

- 1. Press the *Outputs* button in the *Configurations* display.
- **2.** Select the output you are going to set.
- **3.** Select the *Output type*.

The available types are:

Not used	The output is deactivated.
Voltage	Voltage output.

4. Select Wireless input.

Select the transmitter that is used for the output source.

5. Select the *Measurement type*.

Select the measurement for the output.

6. Press the *Edit parameters* button to set up the output.

7. Make the settings.

See the following chapters for more details about the parameters.

- **8.** Press the *Confirm changes* button to save the changes.
- **9.** Press the *Confirm changes* button again to save the changes.

10Press *Install to device* button to write the changes to the device.

measure-be sure.

Available settings for voltage output

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
<i>Measurement source selection</i>	Internal temperature sensor / Internal humidity sensor / Transmitter specific measurement 14 / External measurement 14	-	Measurement source. The default value and selectable values depend on the selected measurement type.
Transmitter offline value	Off / 0.00100.00 %	0.00 %	The value to be used if the transmitter is offline. If the parameter value is <i>Off</i> , last known value is used.
Scale low point		1	
Temperature @ 0%	-100.0100.0 °C	0.0 °C	Temperature value at 0 % output signal. The parameter value is available when the <i>Measurement type</i> parameter value is <i>Temperature</i> .
Humidity @ 0%	0.00100.00 %rH	0.00 %rH	Relative humidity value at 0 % output signal. The parameter value is available when the <i>Measurement type</i> parameter value is <i>Relative</i> <i>humidity</i> .
CO2 @ 0%	010000 ppm	0 ppm	CO_2 value at 0 % output signal. The parameter value is available when the <i>Measurement type</i> parameter value is <i>CO2</i> .
Voltage @ 0%	0.00010.000 V	0.000 V	Output voltage at 0 % measurement signal.
Scale high point		1	
<i>Temperature @ 100%</i>	-100.0100.0 °C	0.0 °C	Temperature value at 100 % output signal. The parameter value is available when the <i>Measurement type</i> parameter value is <i>Temperature</i> .
Humidity @ 100%	0.00100.00 %rH	100.00 %rH	Relative humidity value at 100 % output signal. The parameter value is available when the <i>Measurement type</i> parameter value is <i>Relative</i> <i>humidity</i> .
CO2 @ 100%	010000 ppm	0 ppm	CO_2 value at 100 % output signal. The parameter value is available when the <i>Measurement type</i> parameter value is <i>CO2</i> .
Voltage @ 100%	0.00010.000 V	10.000 V	Output voltage at 100 % measurement signal.

Configuring average measurement groups

You can configure up to five average measurement groups. One transmitter can be in several groups and one group can include only one measured property.

- 1. Press the Average Groups button in the Configurations view.
- **2.** Select the group you are going to set by pressing the number.
- **3.** Select the average group type.

The available types are:

Disabled	Average group disabled.
Temperature	Average group for temperature measurements.
Relative Humidity	Average group for relative humidity measurements.
CO2	Average group for CO_2 measurements.

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- 4. Press the *Edit parameters* button.
- **5.** Make the settings. See the chapter Available settings for average groups on page 22 for more details.
- **6.** Press the *Confirm changes* button to save the changes.
- **7.** Press the *Confirm changes* button again to save the changes.
- 8. Press Install to device button to write the changes to the device.

Available settings for average groups

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Average calculation source selection	Internal / External 14	Internal	Source for the measurement. <i>Internal</i> = internal measurement. <i>External</i> = external measurement. External measurements are available for the devices that have inputs (e.g. WTR-IM).
Selected transmitters	Selected Transmitters 1 2 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 2 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 2 1		List of transmitters that are used in the average group. The selected transmitters are marked with green background and online transmitters are marked with white background. Offline transmitters can also be selected to the average group.
Temperature average high cutoff	-100100 °C	0,0 °C	Set the highest value that is used in the average calculation. Values over the set value are not used in the calculation. The parameter is available only for temperature average groups.
<i>Temperature average low cutoff</i>	-100100 °C	0,0 °C	Set the lowest value that is used in the average calculation. Values below the set value are not used in the calculation. The parameter is available only for temperature average groups.

Configuring alarms

Configuring measurement alarms

- 1. Press the *Measurement alarms* button in the *Configurations* view.
- 2. Make the settings.

See the chapter Available settings for measurement alarms on page 22 for more details.

- 3. Press the *Confirm changes* button to save the changes.
- 4. Press Install to device button to write the changes to the device.

Available settings for measurement alarms

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
General temperature alarm, low	Off / -100,0100,0 °C	Off	Low temperature alarm. Alarm activates when any transmitter's temperature drops below the set value.
General temperature alarm, high	Off / -100,0100,0 °C	Off	High temperature alarm. Alarm activates when any transmitter's temperature rises over the set value.
General RH% alarm, low	Off / 0,00100,00 %rH	Off	Low humidity alarm. Alarm activates when any transmitter's humidity level drops below the set value.
General RH% alarm, high	Off / 0,00100,00 %rH	Off	High humidity alarm. Alarm activates when any transmitter's humidity level rises over the set value.



Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
General CO2 alarm, low	Off / 010000 ppm	Off	Low CO_2 alarm. Alarm activates when any transmitter's CO_2 level drops below the set value.
General CO2 alarm, high	Off / 010000 ppm	Off	High CO_2 alarm. Alarm activates when any transmitter's CO_2 level rises over the set value.
Condensation alarm	1		
<i>Dew point alarm window on limit</i>	0,0100,0 °C	0.0 °C	Dew point alarm range low limit.
<i>Dew point alarm window off limit</i>	0,0100,0 °C	0.0 °C	Dew point alarm range high limit.

Configuring network related alarms

- **1.** Press the *Wireless network settings* button in the *Configurations* view.
- Make the settings.
 See the chapter Available settings for network related alarms on page 23 for more details.
- **3.** Press the *Confirm changes* button to save the changes.
- **4.** Press *Install to device* button to write the changes to the device.

Available settings for network related alarms

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Offline alarm	Off / 18065535 s	7200 s	Alarm for offline transmitters. Set the offline time that activates the alarm.
Battery alarm limit	50100 %	11 %	Battery level alarm. Set the battery level that activates the alarm.
			Note: The alarm activates when the level drops under the set value. For example, 11 % means that the alarm activates when the battery level is 10 %.

Configuring Modbus register grouping

- **1.** Press the *Modbus register grouping* button in the *Configurations* view.
- 2. Make the settings.

See the chapter Available settings for Modbus register grouping on page 23 for more details.

- **3.** Press the *Confirm changes* button to save the changes.
- **4.** Press *Install to device* button to write the changes to the device.

Available settings for Modbus register grouping

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Address of register cloned from WTR, slot 1	See the following table.	Temperature	The transmitters' value to be grouped to slot 1. The values are grouped to base unit registers 1800018099.
Address of register cloned from WTR, slot 2	See the following table.	Humidity	The transmitters' value to be grouped to slot 2. The values are grouped to base unit registers 1810018199.
Address of register cloned from WTR, slot 3	See the following table.	Transmitter specific measurement 1	The transmitters' value to be grouped to slot 3. The values are grouped to base unit registers 1820018299.

23 (69)



Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Address of register cloned from WTR, slot 4	See the following table.	<i>Transmitter specific measurement 2</i>	The transmitters' value to be grouped to slot 4. The values are grouped to base unit registers 1830018399.
Address of register cloned from WTR, slot 5	See the following table.	Input 1	The transmitters' value to be grouped to slot 5. The values are grouped to base unit registers 1840018499.
Address of register cloned from WTR, slot 6	See the following table.	Input 2	The transmitters' value to be grouped to slot 6. The values are grouped to base unit registers 1850018599.
Address of register cloned from WTR, slot 7	See the following table.	Input 3	The transmitters' value to be grouped to slot 7. The values are grouped to base unit registers 1860018699.
Address of register cloned from WTR, slot 8	See the following table.	Input 4	The transmitters' value to be grouped to slot 8. The values are grouped to base unit registers 1870018799.
Address of register cloned from WTR, slot 9	See the following table.	Battery level	The transmitters' value to be grouped to slot 9. The values are grouped to base unit registers 1880018899.
Address of register cloned from WTR, slot 10	See the following table.	Signal strength	The transmitters' value to be grouped to slot 10. The values are grouped to base unit registers 1890018999.

Parameter value	Description
Temperature	Temperature measurement.
Humidity	Humidity measurement.
<i>Transmitter specific measurement 13</i>	Transmitter specific measurements (e.g. <i>Transmitter specific value</i> $1 = CO_2$ measurement).
Input 14	Inputs' values.
Battery level	Transmitter battery level.
Signal strength	Transmitter signal strength.

Configuring Value Over Bus settings

You can configure up to three Value Over bus functions.

- 1. Press the Value Over Bus button in the Configurations view.
- **2.** Select the configuration you are going to set by pressing the number.
- 3. Make the settings.

See the chapter Available settings for value over bus on page 25 for more details.

- 4. Press the *Confirm changes* button to save the changes.
- **5.** Press *Install to device* button to write the changes to the device.



Available settings for value over bus

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description	
Bus mode	Global type and value / Global type, individual values	Global type and value	VOB mode. <i>Global type and value</i>	The same value and value type is sent to all transmitters.
			Global type, individual values	Individual values are sent to the transmitters. The value type is the same for all values.
Bus value type	No value / Temperature /	No value		alues and their descriptions vailable value over bus (VOB) e 61.
Bus scaling factor	1x / x/10000 / x/1000 / x/100 / x/10 / 100x / 1000x / 10000x	1x	Scaling factor for th	ne value.

Configuring wireless network settings

- **1.** Press the *Wireless network settings* button in the *Configurations* display.
- 2. Make the settings.

See the chapter Available settings for wireless network on page 25 for more details.

- **3.** Press the *Confirm changes* button to save the changes.
- **4.** Press *Install to device* button to write the changes to the device.

Available settings for wireless network

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
<i>Offline alarm</i>	Off / 18065535 s	7200 s	Alarm for offline transmitters. Set the offline time that activates the alarm.
Battery alarm limit	50100 %	11 %	Battery level alarm. Set the battery level that activates the alarm.
			() NOTE Note: The alarm activates when the level drops under the set value. For example, 11 % means that the alarm activates when the battery level is 10 %.
Gateway poll interval	Off / 6065535 s	900 s	Poll frequency for transmitters. Base unit polls transmitters with this interval.
<i>Transmitter activity interval</i>	Off / 1065535 s	120 s	Global setting for transmitters' measurement frequency. The value 0 deactivates the feature and the frequency is set in the transmitters.

Configuring communication settings

- 1. Press the *General communication settings* button in the *Configurations* display.
- **2.** Make the settings. See the chapter Available settings for communication on page 26 for more details.
 - **3.** Press the *Confirm changes* button to save the changes.
 - **4.** Press *Install to device* button to write the changes to the device.



Available settings for communication

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Custom device name	032 characters	Unnamed device	Device name. Device name supports ASCII characters. The name is shown in the device connection view.
Ethernet Settings			·
DHCP	Enabled / Disabled	Disabled	Enable DHCP. Enable to get the IP address from server.
IP-address	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	192.168.1.1	Ethernet IP address.
Subnet mask	<i>xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx</i>	255.255.255.0	Ethernet subnet mask.
Gateway	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	192.168.1.1	Ethernet gateway.
Primary DNS server	<i>xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx</i>	10.10.1.7	Primary DNS server for Ethernet.
Secondary DNS server	<i>xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx</i>	10.10.1.6	Secondary DNS server for Ethernet.
RS-485 Settings	1	1	/
BMS RS-485 address	1247	1	Modbus address (RS-485).
BMS RS-485 speed	9600 / 14400 / 19200 / 38400 / 57600 / 115200 bit/s	9600 bit/s	Modbus speed (RS-485).
BMS RS-485 parity	None / Odd / Even	None	Modbus parity (RS-485).
BMS RS-485 stop-bits	1 Stop-Bit / 2 Stop-Bits	1 Stop-Bit	Modbus stop bits (RS-485).

Updating the device firmware

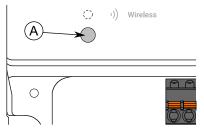
The device firmware can be updated when the Produal MyTool[®] notifies about the update.

- 1. Start Produal MyTool[®].
- 2. Press the *Devices* button.

The device list shows the devices that have Bluetooth activated.

() NOTE Note: The Bluetooth is enabled when the supply voltage is connected for the first time.

3. If the device is not showing in the list, press the connection button until the *CPU* indicator light flashes to enable the Bluetooth in the device.



A. Connection button

The indicator light should flash after pressing the button for one second.

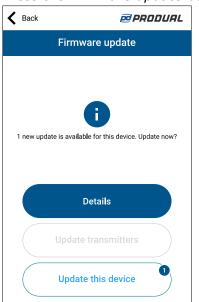
() NOTE Note: Use a small screwdriver or a similar tool to push the button.

- 4. Select the device from the list.
- 5. Press the *Connect* button.

Wireless indicator light is illuminated continuously when Produal MyTool® is connected to the device.



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You can see the update details by pressing the *Details* button.

- **7.** Press the *Update this device* button to update the firmware.
 - **Important:** The update starts immediately when you press the button. Do not interrupt the installation process.

Application downloads the new firmware and transfers it to the device. The device restarts to complete the firmware update.

- **8.** Press the *OK* button on the confirmation view.
- **9.** Press the *Back* to disconnect from the device.

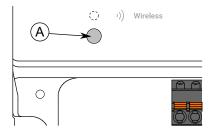
10Select the disconnecting method.

- Select *Disconnect* to disconnect the device without deactivating the device Bluetooth.
- Select *End commissioning* to disconnect the device and deactivate the device Bluetooth.
- Select *Cancel* to cancel disconnecting.

Resetting to factory firmware

If the firmware update fails, the device can be reset to factory firmware.

- 1. Disconnect the power supply.
- **2.** Press and hold the connection button.



- A. Connection button
- 3. Reconnect the power supply.
- **4.** Wait for 30 seconds and release the button.

The factory firmware is now reset to the device.



Commissioning the wireless network

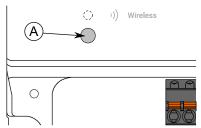
Setting up a new wireless network

- (i) **Important:** Configure all needed base unit settings (Modbus settings, output configurations etc.) before setting up the wireless network.
- 1. Connect the supply voltage to the base unit.
- 2. Start Produal MyTool[®].
- **3.** Press the *Devices* button.

The device list shows the devices that has Bluetooth activated.

() NOTE Note: The Bluetooth is enabled when the supply voltage is connected for the first time.

4. If the device is not showing in the list, press the connection button until the *CPU* indicator light flashes to enable the Bluetooth in the device.



A. Connection button

The indicator light should flash after pressing the button for one second.

() NOTE Note: Use a small screwdriver or a similar tool to push the button.

- 5. Select the device from the list.
- **6.** Press the *Connect* button.

Wireless indicator light is illuminated continuously when Produal MyTool[®] is connected to the device.

K Back	e PRODUAL
Connec	tion info
DEVICE TYPE	Proxima Wireless Base Unit
SERIAL NUMBER	XXXX-XX-XX-XXXXXXXXX
IPV4 (STATIC)	192.168.0.1
MAC-ADDRESS (WIRELESS)	
MAC-ADDRESS (ETHERNET)	XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX
NETWORK ID	XX XX XX XX
TRANSMITTERS ONLINE	None
Wireless network	
Network	installation
WBU configuration	
Configure	e manually

- 7. Press the Network installation button.
- **8.** Set the device name for the base unit. The device name is also used for the network name.
- **9.** Press the *Next* button.



10Set the transmitter naming pattern.

Use ### to insert transmitter ID to the pattern.

11Press the *Next* button.

12Review the network configuration and press the *INITIALIZE NETWORK* button.

13Select the method to continue.

- Press OK button to return to main view.
- Press Add transmitters to project button to add wireless transmitters to network.
- (i) **Important:** Configure all needed transmitter settings before connecting to the wireless network.

The base unit deactivates the Bluetooth communication and moves to MIRA communication mode. The wireless network is now visible in the *Wireless installation projects* view.

Adding devices to wireless network

(i) **Important:** Configure all needed transmitter settings before connecting to the wireless network.

- **1.** Connect the supply voltage to the transmitter.
- 2. Start Produal MyTool[®].
- **3.** Press the *Wireless installation projects* button. The list of open wireless projects opens. You can also read the beacon data via this view. See the chapter Reading beacon data on page 2 for more information.
- **4.** Select the project and press the *ADD DEVICES* button.

Transmitter Scan view is displayed.

K Back	@PRODUAL
Trai	nsmitter Scan
Network signal	1 nodes in range
SIGNAL QUALITY	Excellent
Sig	nal scanner
New transmitters	
(C) XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX ,111 -XX dBm	^{(XX} ~
(C) XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:	exx 🗸
Installed transmitters	3

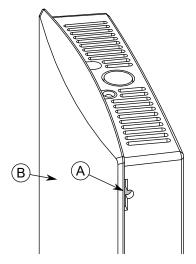
All devices that can be connected to the network are listed in the *New transmitters* section. The transmitters that are already connected to the network are listed in the *Installed transmitters* section.

Note: Make sure that the wireless devices to be connected are in the installation mode and they are not connected to other network.

() NOTE Note: By pressing the *Signal scanner* button you can analyse the network.



- **5.** If the device is not showing in the list, press the connection button until the indicator light flashes to enable the Bluetooth in the device.
 - Important: Do not press the connection button within 10 seconds after connecting supply voltage. It takes up to 10 seconds until the transmitter is fully started and functional.



- A. Connection button
- B. Indicator light

The indicator light should flash after pressing the button for one second.

() NOTE Note: Use a small screwdriver or a similar tool to push the button.

- 6. Select the device to be connected to the network.
- 7. Press the Connect button.
- 8. Press the Network installation button.

(i) **Important:** Configure all needed transmitter settings before connecting to the wireless network.

See the chapter Configuring the wireless transmitters on page 35 for more information.

If the *Network installation* button is not visible, the device is already connected to a network. You have to reset the network settings to be able connect the device to a new network. See the chapter Resetting network settings on page 32 for more information.

9. Select ID for the device.

When selecting the ID, there are few things to be considered.

- The ID can be 1...100.
- The ID must be unique inside the network.
- If the ID is already used inside the network, the application asks to replace the existing device. The existing device is disconnected from the network if replaced.

10Press the Next button.

11Write the device name.

The application warns about names that are already used during the same commissioning session.

12Press the *Next* button.

13Review the network configuration and press the *INITIALIZE NETWORK* button.

14Press *OK* button on the *Configuration finished* view.

The base unit deactivates the Bluetooth communication and moves to MIRA communication mode. MyTool returns to the *Transmitter Scan* view.

Note: The transmitter tries to connect to the network immediately. If the first connection attempt fails, the transmitter tries to connect again in the following schedule: 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128 min. If the network connection fails after 128 minutes, the transmitter restarts and starts the connecting procedure from the beginning.



15Add more devices if needed.

16When all needed devices are added, press the *Installation overview* button.

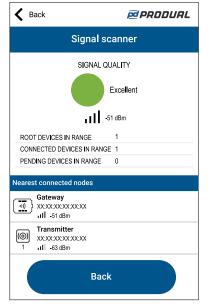
K Back	PRODUAL
Instal	lation overview
Network information	
NETWORK NAME	Network name
NETWORK ID	XX XX XX XX
GATEWAY MAC	XX:XX:XX:XX:XX
4 of 4 installed trans	ERS, INSTALLED VIA MYTOOL witters online updated 17 seconds ago
Sho	w routing map
Export	installation report
	Back

You can view the network structure by pressing the *Show routing map* button. See the chapter Routing map on page 32 for more details.

If needed, save the network settings to a .csv file by pressing the *Export installation report* button.

- **17**Press the *End installation* button to return to main view or press the *Discard project* button to close the project and remove it from the *Wireless installation projects* view.
- **(D NOTE** Note: When installing transmitters to network or when the transmitters have lost the connection, it can take several minutes before the transmitters are connected to network.

Signal scanner



Signal quality

Root devices in range Connected devices in range Pending devices in range Nearest connected nodes Signal level to the nearest wireless device. Base unit in range (0 / 1). Device count for devices that are connected to the network.

Device count for devices that are going to connect to the network.

s List of devices that are connected to the network. Nearest is on the top of the list.



32 (69)

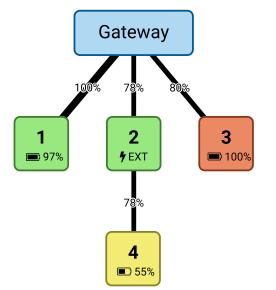
The signal strength (e.g. -63 dBm) value indicates the connection quality between Produal MyTool[®] and the device. It's not possible to view the signal strength between the wireless devices using the signal scanner.

The signal strength can be interpreted as follows.

Colour	Text	Value	Description
	Excellent	≥-55 dBm	Excellent signal strength.
	Good	-7556 dBm	Good signal strength.
•	Average	-8576 dBm	Average signal strength.
	Poor	-9586 dBm	Poor signal strength.
•	Very poor	<-95 dBm	Very poor signal strength.

Routing map

The network routing map shows the network structure, signal strengths between devices, battery levels and power consumption. The power consumption is indicated by the device box colour.



Symbol	Symbol description
78%	Signal quality.
2	Transmitter ID.
— 97%	Battery power device's battery level.
∲ EXT	Device with external power supply.
	Device's power consumption is low (< 60 μ A). The externally powered devices are always displayed on green background.
	Device's power consumption is average (60120 μ A).
	Device's power consumption is high (> 120 μ A).

Resetting network settings

- **1.** Connect Produal $MyTool^{\mathbb{R}}$ to the wireless device.
- 2. Press the Reset network settings button.



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3. Press the *Reset network settings* button again to confirm the resetting.

(D NOTE Note: Only the network settings are reset and the device other settings remain.

4. Press the *OK* button on the confirmation dialog. The network settings are now reset.

Resetting device settings to factory defaults

- 1. Connect Produal MyTool[®] to the device.
- 2. Press the *Reset to factory settings* button.
- **3.** Press the *Reset to factory settings* button again to confirm the resetting.

Important: All the device settings are reset to factory defaults. Also the network settings are reset.

4. Press the *OK* button on the confirmation dialog. The settings are now reset factory defaults.

Reopening existing wireless project

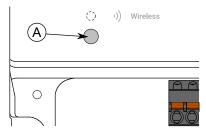
Important: When enabling the Bluetooth in the base unit, the network communication stops. It can take up to several hours for a big network to resume fully functional condition.

- 1. Start Produal MyTool[®].
- 2. Press the Devices button.

The device list shows the devices that has Bluetooth activated.

() NOTE Note: The Bluetooth is enabled when the supply voltage is connected for the first time.

3. If the device is not showing in the list, press the connection button until the *CPU* indicator light flashes to enable the Bluetooth in the device.



A. Connection button

The indicator light should flash after pressing the button for one second.

() NOTE Note: Use a small screwdriver or a similar tool to push the button.

4. Select the device from the list.



5. Press the *Connect* button.

Wireless indicator light is illuminated continuously when Produal MyTool[®] is connected to the device.

K Back	@PRODUAL
Connec	tion info
DEVICE TYPE	Proxima Wireless Base Unit
SERIAL NUMBER IPV4 (STATIC)	XXXX-XX-XX-XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
MAC-ADDRESS (WIRELESS) MAC-ADDRESS (ETHERNET)	
NETWORK ID	XX XX XX XX
TRANSMITTERS ONLINE	4/4
Wireless network	
Re-open wir	reless project
Reset netw	vork settings
Remove tr	ransmitters

- **6.** Press the *Re-open wireless project* button. Existing network settings are displayed.
- **7.** Edit the device name if needed. The device name is also used for the network name.
- 8. Press the Next button.
- 9. Set the transmitter naming pattern.Use ### to insert transmitter ID to the pattern.
- **10**Press the *Next* button.
- **11**Review the network configuration and press the *REBUILD NETWORK* button.

12Select the method to continue.

- Press *OK* button to return to main view.
- Press Add transmitters to project button to add wireless transmitters to network.
- (i) **Important:** Configure all needed transmitter settings before connecting to the wireless network.

The base unit deactivates the Bluetooth communication and moves to MIRA communication mode. The wireless network is now visible in the *Wireless installation projects* view.

Removing devices from wireless network

- Reset the network settings in the devices that are going to remove.
 See the chapter Resetting network settings on page 32 for more information.
- 2. Connect Produal MyTool[®] to WBU.
- **3.** Press the *Remove Transmitters* button.
- **4.** Select the devices to be removed from the network.
- 5. Press the *REMOVE TRANSMITTERS* button.
- **6.** Press the *OK* button.
- **7.** Press the *REMOVE TRANSMITTERS* button. The selected devices are now removed from the network.



(i)

Configuring the wireless transmitters

To configure the device, you first need to connect it to Produal MyTool[®] application. When the device is connected to application, you can make changes to the configuration.

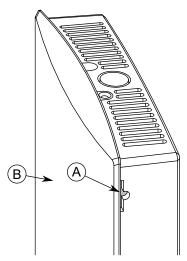
Important: Configure all needed transmitter settings before connecting to the wireless network.

- 1. Connect the supply voltage to the transmitter.
- 2. Start Produal MyTool[®].
- 3. Press the *Devices* button.

The device list shows the devices that has Bluetooth activated.

() NOTE Note: The Bluetooth is enabled when the supply voltage is connected for the first time.

- **4.** If the device is not showing in the list, press the connection button until the indicator light flashes to enable the Bluetooth in the device.
 - (i) **Important:** Do not press the connection button within 10 seconds after connecting supply voltage. It takes up to 10 seconds until the transmitter is fully started and functional.



- A. Connection button
- B. Indicator light

The indicator light should flash after pressing the button for one second.

() NOTE Note: Use a small screwdriver or a similar tool to push the button.

5. Select the device from the list.



6. Press the *Connect* button.

The indicator light is illuminated continuously when $Produal MyTool^{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}$ is connected to the device.

K Back	PRODUAL
Connec	tion info
DEVICE TYPE	Proxima Wireless Base Unit
SERIAL NUMBER	XXXX-XX-XX-XXXXXXXXXXX
IPV4 (STATIC)	192.168.0.1
MAC-ADDRESS (WIRELESS)	
MAC-ADDRESS (ETHERNET)	
NETWORK ID	XX XX XX XX
TRANSMITTERS ONLINE	None
Wireless network	
Network i	etallation (!
WTR configuration	
Configure	e manually

7. Press the *Configure manually* button.

K Back	PRODUAL	<u>_</u>
	Configurations	
	UI Settings	
	Measurement Settings	
	Transmit Settings	
	Measurement Corrections	
0 pend	ling changes to configuration values	

Configurations view has the following menus:

UI Settings	Set up display settings.
Measurement Settings	Set up measurement settings.
Transmit Settings	Set up change of value (COV) settings.
Measurement Corrections	Tune the measurement values. The menu is applicable only for devices equipped with display.

See more information about the settings from the following chapters.

- 8. Make the changes to configuration.
- **9.** Press *Install to device* button to write the changes to the device.

(D NOTE Note: You can also save the settings to Produal MyCloud or locally to your device. Then the settings can be uploaded to another device by using *Use existing file* function.

10Press the *Back* button.

11Press the *Back* button again to disconnect from the device.



 $\label{eq:loss_select} \textbf{12} Select the disconnecting method.}$

- Select *Disconnect* to disconnect the device without deactivating the device Bluetooth.
- Select *End commissioning* to disconnect the device and deactivate the device Bluetooth.
- **()** NOTE **Note:** The wireless network communication (MIRA communication) starts only if the Bluetooth is deactivated. However, the device also deactivates the Bluetooth if connection to Produal MyTool[®] is lost for 30 minutes.

Configuring user interface

- 1. Press the UI Settings button in the Configurations view.
- Make the settings.
 See the chapter Available settings for user interface on page 37 for more details.
- **3.** Press the *Confirm changes* button to save the changes.
- **4.** Press *Install to device* button to write the changes to the device.

Available settings for user interface

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
Display brightness	110	5	Display brightness level.
Display mode	<i>Upper value scrolling, lower value static / Upper value static, lower value scrolling</i>	<i>Upper value scrolling, lower value static</i>	Display scrolling settings.
Display static value	<i>Temperature / Relative humidity / Measurement 14 / External measurement 14 / I2C measurement 13 / VOB value 13</i>	Temperature	Static value selection.
Scrolling values to show	<i>Temperature / Relative humidity / Measurement 14 / External measurement 14 / I2C measurement 13 / VOB value 13</i>	Humidity	Scrolling values selection.
Autoscroll time	130 s	10 s	Scrolling value change interval. Time to show each value on display. Affects also to display off delay. Display off delay = (number of items in scrolling value selection) * (display scrolling delay).
Button function	<i>Manual scroll / Handle button events on Gateway / Extra time function</i>	Manual scroll	Button function. The first press activates the display if the display is not on.

Configuring measurement settings

1. Press the *Measurement Settings* button in the *Configurations* view.

2. Make the settings.

See the chapter Available measurement settings on page 38 for more details.

- **3.** Press the *Confirm changes* button to save the changes.
- **4.** Press *Install to device* button to write the changes to the device.

Available measurement settings

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
External input 1 type selection	Off / 0-10V / 0-20mA / Ohms x0.1 / Ohms x10 / NTC10K / PT1000	Off	Input 1 type. The parameter is available only if the device is equipped with inputs.
External input 2 type selection	Off / 0-10V / 0-20mA / Ohms x0.1 / Ohms x10 / NTC10K / PT1000	Off	Input 2 type. The parameter is available only if the device is equipped with inputs.
External input 3 type selection	Off / 0-10V / 0-20mA / Ohms x0.1 / Ohms x10 / NTC10K / PT1000	Off	Input 3 type. The parameter is available only if the device is equipped with inputs.
External input 4 type selection	Off / 0-10V / 0-20mA / Ohms x0.1 / Ohms x10 / NTC10K / PT1000	Off	Input 4 type. The parameter is available only if the device is equipped with inputs.
CO2 ABC logic state	Disabled / Enabled	Enabled	Automatic self-calibration of CO_2 measurement. The parameter is available only if the device is equipped with CO_2 measurement.
PIR detection delay	05 s	0 s	PIR detection delay. The parameter is available only if the device is equipped with PIR.
Transmitter update interval	0 = Off / 3065535 s	Off	Transmitter specific update interval. The transmitter sends the last measured value to base unit at the specified interval.
COV selection	<i>Temperature, Relative humidity / Measurement 14 / External measurement 14 / I2C measurement 13</i>	Not selected	COV value selection.

Configuring change of value (COV) settings

- **1.** Press the *Transmit Settings* button in the *Configurations* view.
- 2. Make the settings.

See the chapter Available change of value (COV) settings on page 38 for more details.

- **3.** Press the *Confirm changes* button to save the changes.
- **4.** Press *Install to device* button to write the changes to the device.

Available change of value (COV) settings

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description	
<i>COV limit, temperature</i>	0,150,0 °C	0,5 °C	COV limit for temperature.	
<i>COV limit, relative humidity</i>	0,0150,00 %rH	5,00 %rH	COV limit for humidity.	

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Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
COV limit, CO2	10500 ppm	100 ppm	COV limit for CO_2 value.

Tuning measurements

- **1.** Press the *Measurement Corrections* button in the *Configurations* view.
- 2. Make the settings.

See the chapter Available tuning values on page 39 for more details.

- **3.** Press the *Confirm changes* button to save the changes.
- **4.** Press *Install to device* button to write the changes to the device.

Available tuning values

Parameter name	Values	Default	Description
<i>Correction offset, temperature</i>	-50,050,0 °C	0,0 °C	Temperature value tuning.
<i>Correction offset, relative humidity</i>	-50,0050,00 %rH	0,00 %rH	Relative humidity value tuning.
Correction offset, CO2	-200200 ppm	0 ppm	CO ₂ value tuning.

Transmitters' firmware updates

The transmitter firmware updates can be done locally or by using Firmware Over The Air (FOTA) function.

The FOTA function updates the devices over the wireless network. The FOTA firmware update process can take up from few minutes to several hours depending on the network size. The base unit updates two devices at a time and then moves to the next devices until the whole network is updated to the latest firmware version. The update process starts from the closest transmitter in the network.

- **Note:** Note: The FOTA function requires more power than the regular transmitter functioning. Therefore the FOTA updates should be planned carefully in battery powered network. The transmitter is not updated if the battery level is too low (under 10 %).
- **Note:** The FOTA process doesn't interfere with the wireless network functioning. However, the whole network is restarted after all devices have been updated.

Updating wireless transmitters' firmware using FOTA

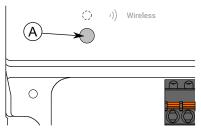
- 1. Start Produal MyTool[®].
- 2. Press the *Devices* button.

The device list shows the devices that has Bluetooth activated. Find the base unit from the list.

() NOTE Note: The Bluetooth is enabled when the supply voltage is connected for the first time.



- 40 (69)
- **3.** If the device is not showing in the list, press the connection button until the *CPU* indicator light flashes to enable the Bluetooth in the device.



A. Connection button

The indicator light should flash after pressing the button for one second.

() NOTE Note: Use a small screwdriver or a similar tool to push the button.

- **4.** Select the device from the list.
- 5. Press the Connect button.

Wireless indicator light is illuminated continuously when Produal MyTool[®] is connected to the device.

6. Check that all installed transmitters are online.

e PRODUAL	
tion info	
Connected	
Device type	
XXXX-XX-XX-XXXXXXXXX	
192.168.0.1	
XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX	
XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX	
XX XX XX XX	
60/60	
sion device	
Test installation	
re update	

(i)

Important: If all transmitters are not online, don't start the update. The update process does not complete if all transmitters are not online.



7. Press the *Firmware update* button.

You can see the update details by pressing the *Details* button.

K Back	@PRODUAL
	Firmware update
1 new up	date is available for this device. Update now?
	Details
	Update transmitters

- **8.** Press the *Update transmitters* button. The confirmation view is displayed.
- **9.** Press the *Update transmitters* button to update the firmware in all devices in the network. The new firmware is now transferred to the base unit.

10Press the *Back* button on the update confirmation view.

The base unit turns off the Bluetooth and starts communicating the transmitters via the wireless network. If you get the following error message, press *Back* button and turn off the Bluetooth manually.



After the update process has started, Produal MyTool[®] is not needed to complete the update. The base unit updates the transmitters.

() NOTE Note: You can monitor the update process via *Wireless installation projects* view.

- **(D NOTE** Note: The FOTA process doesn't interfere with the wireless network functioning. However, the whole network is restarted after all devices have been updated.
- **()** NOTE Note: The update process can take up to 48 hours in large networks. If the update process doesn't complete in 72 hours, reboot the base unit.

Viewing FOTA update process

- 1. Start Produal MyTool[®].
- 2. Press the *Wireless projects* button.



3. Select the network name.

K Back	🖻 PRODUAL	
Wireless Install	ation Projects	
Installation projects		
No active wireless installation projects found! Please connect to a wireless base unit by using the "Devices" menu to initialize a new wireless installation project.		
Transmitter FOTA updates		
Network name	^	
NETWORK NAME	Network name	
GATEWAY MAC	XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX	
NEW FIRMWARE ID	XX.X	
NEW FIRMWARE VERSION	X.X.X.X	
DEVICES TO UPDATE	60	
STARTED ON	DD.MM.YYYY HH:MM:SS	
CHECK STATUS		

Parameter	Description
NETWORK NAME	Name of the network.
GATEWAY MAC	Base unit MAC address.
NEW FIRMWARE ID	The new firmware ID.
NEW FIRMWARE VERSION	The new firmware version.
DEVICES TO UPDATE	Number of devices to be updated.
STARTED ON	Update process starting time.

- 4. Press the CHECK STATUS button to view more detailed information about the update.
- 5. After successful update, press the DISCARD button to remove the project from the list.

Updating wireless transmitter firmware locally

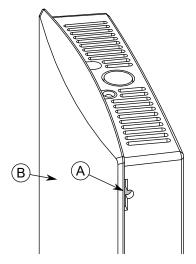
- 1. Start Produal MyTool[®].
- 2. Press the Devices button.

The device list shows the devices that has Bluetooth activated.

NOTE Note: The Bluetooth is enabled when the supply voltage is connected for the first time.



- **3.** If the device is not showing in the list, press the connection button until the indicator light flashes to enable the Bluetooth in the device.
 - (i) **Important:** Do not press the connection button within 10 seconds after connecting supply voltage. It takes up to 10 seconds until the transmitter is fully started and functional.



- A. Connection button
- B. Indicator light

The indicator light should flash after pressing the button for one second.

() NOTE Note: Use a small screwdriver or a similar tool to push the button.

- **4.** Select the device from the list.
- **5.** Press the *Connect* button.

The indicator light is illuminated continuously when Produal MyTool[®] is connected to the device.

6. Press the *Firmware update* button.



 (\mathbf{i})

You can see the update details by pressing the *Details* button.

7. Press the *Update this device* button to update the firmware.

Important: The update starts immediately when you press the button. Do not interrupt the installation process.

Application downloads the new firmware and transfers it to the device. The device restarts to complete the firmware update.

8. Press the *OK* button on the confirmation view.



9. Press the *Back* to disconnect from the device.

10Select the disconnecting method.

- Select *Disconnect* to disconnect the device without deactivating the device Bluetooth.
- Select End commissioning to disconnect the device and deactivate the device Bluetooth.
- **Note:** Note: The wireless network communication (MIRA communication) starts only if the Bluetooth is deactivated. However, the device also deactivates the Bluetooth if connection to Produal MyTool[®] is lost for 30 minutes.



Troubleshooting the network

Transmitter does not appear in the network

Possible cause	Remedy
Bluetooth is enabled. If the transmitter Bluetooth is enabled, the transmitter can't connect to the network.	If the transmitter is available in the <i>Devices</i> view, the Bluetooth is enabled. Connect to the transmitter and press the <i>End commissioning</i> button in <i>Commission device</i> view.
Battery level is too low in the transmitter.	Check the battery level alarms from base unit Modbus registers.
Transmitter is connecting to the network.	Restart the transmitter by disconnecting and reconnecting the power supply to speed up the connecting process.
If the first connection attempt fails, the transmitter tries to connect again in the following schedule: 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128 min. If the network connection fails after 128 minutes, the transmitter restarts and starts the connecting procedure from the beginning.	
The network has been down earlier.	The network automatic rebuilding may take a long time in big networks. The network builds up starting from the transmitters that are closest to the base unit.

All transmitters appear to be offline

Possible cause	Remedy
Bluetooth is enabled. If the base unit Bluetooth is enabled, the network is down.	If the base unit is available in the <i>Devices</i> view, the Bluetooth is enabled. Connect to the base unit and press the <i>End commissioning</i> button in <i>Commission device</i> view.
Power failure in the base unit.	Check the base unit power supply. After a power failure in the base unit, the network automatic rebuilding may take a long time in big networks. The network builds up starting from the transmitters that are closest to the base unit.
Device or power failure in the critical point of the network.	Check the transmitters in the critical points of the network. Check that there is more than one transmitter within the base unit coverage area.

Bluetooth is enabled and the transmitter doesn't appear in Produal MyTool[®]

Possible cause	Remedy
Android device's Bluetooth communication has problems.	Restart Produal MyTool [®] and try connecting again.



Proxima WBU Modbus

Modbus properties

Protocol	RS-485 Modbus RTU / Modbus TCP
Bus speed	9600*/14400/19200/38400/57600/115200 bit/s
Data bits	8
Parity	none*/odd/even
Stop bits	1* / 2
Network size	up to 127 devices per segment
	* factory setting

Modbus function codes

The device supports the following Modbus function codes.

Decimal	Hexa- decimal	Function
1	0x01	Read Coils
2	0x02	Read Discrete Inputs
3	0x03	Read Holding Registers
4	0x04	Read Input Registers
5	0x05	Write Single Coil
6	0x06	Write Single Register
15	0x0F	Write Multiple Coils
16	0x10	Write Multiple Registers
23	0x17	Read/Write Multiple Registers

Modbus registers

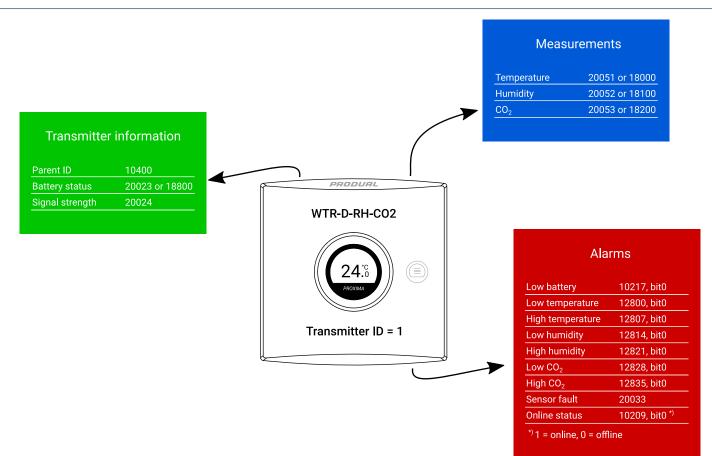
Produal Proxima[®] WBU uses the whole Modbus register space from 1 to 65535. Holding registers and Input registers are not tied to classic 4xxxx and 3xxxx areas. There are also many registers that has the same register number but the function depends on the register type.

For example, a transmitter with ID1 has an input register for temperature (20051) and holding register for COV limit (20051). The address is the same, but the register usage depends on the used function code.

Important: Some BMS systems may need extra configuring to able to use the whole register space. Contact the system vendor support if needed.

The following figure illustrates how the basic data can be read via base unit Modbus registers.





Input registers for base unit

Input registers for device identification

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
10001	Hextet 0 for device type.	U16	065535	065535
10002	Hextet 1 for device type.	U16	065535	065535
10003	Hextet 0 for serial number.	U16	065535	065535
10004	Hextet 1 for serial number.	U16	065535	065535
10005	Hextet 0 for MAC address.	U16	065535	065535
10006	Hextet 1 for MAC address.	U16	065535	065535
10007	Hextet 2 for MAC address.	U16	065535	065535

Input registers for device status

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
10200	Number of transmitters paired with the base unit.	U16	0100	0100 pcs
10201	Transmitters installed, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
10202	Transmitters installed, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
10203	Transmitters installed, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
10204	Transmitters installed, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
10205	Transmitters installed, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
10206	Transmitters installed, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196

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Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
10207	Transmitters installed, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
10208	Number of transmitters that are seen in the network.	U16	0100	0100 pcs
10209	Transmitters online, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
10210	Transmitters online, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
10211	Transmitters online, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
10212	Transmitters online, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
10213	Transmitters online, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
10214	Transmitters online, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
10215	Transmitters online, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
10216	Number of transmitters that are sending low battery alarm.	U16	0100	0100 pcs
10217	Transmitters that are sending low battery alarm, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
10218	Transmitters that are sending low battery alarm, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
10219	Transmitters that are sending low battery alarm, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
10220	Transmitters that are sending low battery alarm, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
10221	Transmitters that are sending low battery alarm, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
10222	Transmitters that are sending low battery alarm, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
10223	Transmitters that are sending low battery alarm, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
10224	Number of transmitters that are sending battery overload notification.	U16	0100	0100 pcs
10225	Transmitters that are sending battery overload notification, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
10226	Transmitters that are sending battery overload notification, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
10227	Transmitters that are sending battery overload notification, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
10228	Transmitters that are sending battery overload notification, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
10229	Transmitters that are sending battery overload notification, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
10230	Transmitters that are sending battery overload notification, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
10231	Transmitters that are sending battery overload notification, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100

Input registers for extreme measurement values

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
12000	Lowest measured temperature value.	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C



Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
12001	Device ID for the lowest measured temperature value.	U16	1100	ID 1100
12002	Register of the lowest measured temperature value.	U16	3748	3748
12003	Highest measured temperature value.	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C
12004	Device ID for the highest measured temperature value.	U16	1100	ID 1100
12005	Register of the highest measured temperature value.	U16	3748	3748
12006	Lowest measured humidity value.	U16	010000	0100,00 %rH
12007	Device ID for the lowest measured humidity value.	U16	1100	ID 1100
12008	Register of the lowest measured humidity value.	U16	3748	3748
12009	Highest measured humidity value.	U16	010000	0100,00 %rH
12010	Device ID for the highest measured humidity value.	U16	1100	ID 1100
12011	Register of the highest measured humidity value.	U16	3748	3748
12012	Lowest measured CO ₂ value.	U16	010000	010000 ppm
12013	Device ID for the lowest measured CO_2 value.	U16	1100	ID 1100
12014	Register of the lowest measured CO_2 value.	U16	3748	3748
12015	Highest measured CO ₂ value.	U16	010000	010000 ppm
12016	Device ID for the highest measured CO_2 value.	U16	1100	ID 1100
12017	Register of the highest measured CO ₂ value.	U16	3748	3748

Input registers for measurement groups

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an X in the middle. Replace the X with the measurement group number (1...5) you are reading.

() NOTE Note: The values that are marked with "-" depend on the transmitters' properties.

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
12X00	Lowest measured value in group.	-	-	-
12X01	Device ID for the lowest measured value in group.	U16	1100	ID 1100
12X02	Register of the lowest measured value in group.	U16	3748	3748
12X03	Highest measured value in group.	-	-	-
12X04	Device ID for the highest measured value in group.	U16	1100	ID 1100
12X05	Register of the highest measured value in group.	U16	3748	3748
12X06	Average value of the measurements in the group. Values that exceed the validation limits and values from the offline devices are excluded from the calculation.	-	-	-

Input registers for measurement stability

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
12600	Temperature stability on transmitter with ID1.	U16	0100	0100 %
12601	Temperature stability on transmitter with ID2.	U16	0100	0100 %
12699	Temperature stability on transmitter with ID100.	U16	0100	0100 %

Input registers for measurement alarms

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
12800	Low temperature alarm, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12801	Low temperature alarm, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12802	Low temperature alarm, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
12803	Low temperature alarm, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
12804	Low temperature alarm, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12805	Low temperature alarm, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
12806	Low temperature alarm, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
12807	High temperature alarm, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12808	High temperature alarm, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12809	High temperature alarm, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
12810	High temperature alarm, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
12811	High temperature alarm, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12812	High temperature alarm, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
12813	High temperature alarm, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
12814	Low humidity alarm, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12815	Low humidity alarm, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12816	Low humidity alarm, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
12817	Low humidity alarm, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
12818	Low humidity alarm, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12819	Low humidity alarm, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
12820	Low humidity alarm, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
12821	High humidity alarm, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12822	High humidity alarm, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12823	High humidity alarm, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
12824	High humidity alarm, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
12825	High humidity alarm, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12826	High humidity alarm, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
12827	High humidity alarm, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
12828	Low CO ₂ alarm, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12829	Low CO ₂ alarm, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12830	Low CO ₂ alarm, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
12831	Low CO_2 alarm, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964

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Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
12832	Low CO ₂ alarm, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12833	Low CO ₂ alarm, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
12834	Low CO ₂ alarm, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
12835	High CO_2 alarm, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12836	High CO_2 alarm, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12837	High CO_2 alarm, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
12838	High CO ₂ alarm, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
12839	High CO_2 alarm, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12840	High CO_2 alarm, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
12841	High CO_2 alarm, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100

Input registers for dew point data availability

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
12842	High dew point data available, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12843	High dew point data available, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12844	High dew point data available, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
12845	High dew point data available, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
12846	High dew point data available, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12847	High dew point data available, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
12848	High dew point data available, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100

Input registers for dew point alarms

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
12849	Dew point alarm active, ID 116. External temperature measurement, input 1.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12850	Dew point alarm active, ID 1732. External temperature measurement, input 1.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12851	Dew point alarm active, ID 3348. External temperature measurement, input 1.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
12852	Dew point alarm active, ID 4964. External temperature measurement, input 1.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
12853	Dew point alarm active, ID 6580. External temperature measurement, input 1.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12854	Dew point alarm active, ID 8196. External temperature measurement, input 1.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
12855	Dew point alarm active, ID 97100. External temperature measurement, input 1.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
12856	Dew point alarm active, ID 116. External temperature measurement, input 2.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12857	Dew point alarm active, ID 1732. External temperature measurement, input 2.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12858	Dew point alarm active, ID 3348. External temperature measurement, input 2.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348

51 (69)

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
12859	Dew point alarm active, ID 4964. External temperature measurement, input 2.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
12860	Dew point alarm active, ID 6580. External temperature measurement, input 2.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12861	Dew point alarm active, ID 8196. External temperature measurement, input 2.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
12862	Dew point alarm active, ID 97100. External temperature measurement, input 2.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
12863	Dew point alarm active, ID 116. External temperature measurement, input 3.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12864	Dew point alarm active, ID 1732. External temperature measurement, input 3.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12865	Dew point alarm active, ID 3348. External temperature measurement, input 3.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
12866	Dew point alarm active, ID 4964. External temperature measurement, input 3.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
12867	Dew point alarm active, ID 6580. External temperature measurement, input 3.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12868	Dew point alarm active, ID 8196. External temperature measurement, input 3.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
12869	Dew point alarm active, ID 97100. External temperature measurement, input 3.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
12870	Dew point alarm active, ID 116. External temperature measurement, input 4.	U16	bits 015	ID 116
12871	Dew point alarm active, ID 1732. External temperature measurement, input 4.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732
12872	Dew point alarm active, ID 3348. External temperature measurement, input 4.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348
12873	Dew point alarm active, ID 4964. External temperature measurement, input 4.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964
12874	Dew point alarm active, ID 6580. External temperature measurement, input 4.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580
12875	Dew point alarm active, ID 8196. External temperature measurement, input 4.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196
12876	Dew point alarm active, ID 97100. External temperature measurement, input 4.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100
12900	Dew point, ID 1. If data is not available, the value is 0.	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C
12901	Dew point, ID 2. If data is not available, the value is 0.	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C
12999	Dew point, ID 100. If data is not available, the value is 0.	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C

Input registers for inputs

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an X in the middle. Replace the X with the input you are reading.



Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
14X00	Wireless input power.	U16	010000	0100,00 %
14X01	Wireless input contact status.	U16	0 - 1	0. Off 1. On

Input registers for register grouping

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an X in the middle. Replace the X with the register group (0...9) you are reading.

The grouped registers are defined in the holding registers 18000...18009.

() NOTE Note: The values that are marked with "-" depend on the transmitters' properties.

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
18X00	Grouped register from transmitter ID 1.	-	-	-
18X99	Grouped register from transmitter ID 100.	-	-	-

Input registers for wireless transmitters

Input registers for wireless transmitter device identification

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
2XX01	Hextet 0 for device type.	U16	065535	065535
2XX02	Hextet 1 for device type.	U16	065535	065535
2XX03	Hextet 0 for serial number.	U16	065535	065535
2XX04	Hextet 1 for serial number.	U16	065535	065535
2XX05	Hextet 0 for MAC address.	U16	065535	065535
2XX06	Hextet 1 for MAC address.	U16	065535	065535
2XX07	Hextet 2 for MAC address.	U16	065535	065535

Input registers for transmitter status

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
2XX20	Knob position.	S16	-1000010000	-100,00100,00 %
2XX21	Button press counter.	U16	065535	065535
2XX22	Extra time timer. The time left in the timer.	U16	065535	065535 s
2XX23	Battery status.	U16	0100, 255	0100 %, 255 = the device is not battery powered
2XX24	Signal strength.	U16	0100	0100 %. Amount of successful messages.

53 (69)



ramatar description

Data type	Values	Range	
Bit	0 - 1	0. Routing node 1. Leaf node	

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
2XX25	Routing mode.	Bit	0 - 1	0. Routing node 1. Leaf node
2XX26	Hextet 0 for uptime.	U16	065535	065535 s
2XX27	Hextet 1 for uptime.	U16	065535	065535 s
2XX28	Available measurements in EXT1.	U16	bits 05	 Voltage Current Resistance, high Resistance, low NTC 10 PT 1000
2XX29	Available measurements in EXT2.	U16	bits 05	 Voltage Current Resistance, high Resistance, low NTC 10 PT 1000
2XX30	Available measurements in EXT3.	U16	bits 05	 Voltage Current Resistance, high Resistance, low NTC 10 PT 1000
2XX31	Available measurements in EXT4.	U16	bits 05	 Voltage Current Resistance, high Resistance, low NTC 10 PT 1000
2XX32	Number of supported I2C sensors.	U16	0255	0255



Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
2XX33	Sensor fault alarms.	U16	bits 015	 Temperature Humidity Additional measurement 1 (CO₂) Additional measurement 2 Additional measurement 3 Additional measurement 4 External input 1 External input 2 External input 3 External input 4 I2C value 1 I1.I2C value 1 I3.Connection error in I2C value 1 Connection error in I2C value 2 Connection error in I2C value 3
2XX34	Not in use.	-	-	0
2XX35	Configuration compatibility number.	U16	065535	065535

Input registers for transmitter value types

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.

() NOTE Note: The values that are marked with "-" depend on the transmitters' properties.

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
2XX36	Value type for transmitter specific measurement 1.	-	-	-
2XX37	Value type for transmitter specific measurement 2.	-	-	-
2XX38	Value type for transmitter specific measurement 3.	-	-	-
2XX39	Value type for transmitter specific measurement 4.	-	-	-
2XX40	Value type for external input 1.	-	-	-
2XX41	Value type for external input 2.	-	-	-
2XX42	Value type for external input 3.	-	-	-
2XX43	Value type for external input 4.	-	-	-
2XX44	Value type for I2C sensor 1 value 1.	-	-	-
2XX45	Value type for I2C sensor 1 value 2.	-	-	-
2XX46	Value type for I2C sensor 2 value 1.	-	-	-
2XX47	Value type for output 1.	-	-	-
2XX48	Value type for output 2.	-	-	-

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Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
2XX49	Value type for output 3.	-	-	-
2XX50	Value type for output 4.	-	-	-

Input registers for transmitters' measurements

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.

() NOTE Note: The values that are marked with "-" depend on the transmitters' properties.

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
2XX51	Temperature value.	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C
2XX52	Humidity value.	U16	010000	0100,00 %rH
2XX53	Value of additional measurement 1 (CO_2).	U16	010000	010000 ppm
2XX54	Value of additional measurement 2.	-	-	-
2XX55	Value of additional measurement 3.	-	-	-
2XX56	Value of additional measurement 4.	-	-	-
2XX57	Value of external input 1.	-	-	-
2XX58	Value of external input 2.	-	-	-
2XX59	Value of external input 3.	-	-	-
2XX60	Value of external input 4.	-	-	-
2XX61	Value of I2C sensor 1 value 1.	-	-	-
2XX62	Value of I2C sensor 1 value 2.	-	-	-
2XX63	Value of I2C sensor 2 value 1.	-	-	-

Input registers for transmitter outputs

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.

() NOTE Note: The values that are marked with "-" depend on the transmitters' properties.

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
2XX64	Output 1 value.	-	-	-
2XX65	Output 2 value.	-	-	-
2XX66	Output 3 value.	-	-	-
2XX67	Output 4 value.	-	-	-

Input registers for battery status

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.

Input register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range
2XX68	Estimated battery life.	U16	065535	065535 days
2XX69	Average current consumption.	U16	065535	065535 µA



Holding registers for base unit

Holding registers for general settings

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
10900	Transmitter offline alarm time. If a transmitter is not seen during this time, offline alarm is activated for that transmitter.	U16	0 / 360065535	0 = alarm off, 18065535 s	7200
10901	Battery low alarm limit. If transmitter's battery level drops below this level, low battery alarm is activated for that transmitter.	U16	199	199 %	11
10902	Poll frequency for transmitters. Base unit polls transmitters with this interval.	U16	0 / 6065535	0 = polling off, 6065535 s	900
10903	Global setting for transmitters' measurement frequency. The value 0 deactivates the feature and the frequency is set in the transmitters.	U16	0 / 1065535	0 = not set, 1065535 s	120
10904	Battery overload notification limit.	U16	065535	065535 μA	70
10905	Beacon message sending functionality state.	U16	0 - 1	0. Enabled 1. Disabled	0

Holding registers for inputs

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an X in the middle. Replace the X with the input number you are adjusting.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
X00	Input type.	S16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - 7	 Not used 010 Vdc N/A N/A N/A NTC 10 Pt1000 Resistive / Digital input 	0
X01	Input overdrive status.	S16	0 - 1	0. Disabled 1. Enabled	0
X02	Input overdrive value.	S16	010000	0100,00 %	0
X03	Input voltage @ 0 %.	S16	010000	010,000 V	0
X04	Input voltage @ 100 %.	S16	010000	010,000 V	10000
X05	Input temperature at 0 %.	S16	-5001000	-50,0100,0 °C	-500
X06	Input temperature at 100 %.	S16	-5001000	-50,0100,0 °C	500
X07	Input temperature offset.	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C	0
X08	Input humidity at 0 %.	S16	010000	0100,00 %rH	0
X09	Input humidity at 100 %.	S16	010000	0100,00 %rH	10000
X10	Input humidity offset.	S16	-50005000	-50,0050,00 %rH	0
X11	Input CO ₂ at 0 %.	S16	010000	010000 ppm	0



Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
X12	Input CO ₂ at 100 %.	S16	010000	010000 ppm	2000
X13	Input CO ₂ offset	S16	-200200	-200200 ppm	0
X14	Contact on level.	S16	010000	0100,00 %	0
X15	Contact off level.	S16	010000	0100,00 %	0
X16	Contact on level.	S16	030000	0300000 Ω	0
X17	Contact off level.	S16	030000	0300000 Ω	0
X18	Contact hold on time (seconds).	S16	059	059 s	0
X19	Contact hold on time (minutes).	S16	059	059 min	0
X20	Contact hold on time (hours).	S16	060	060 h	0
X21	Contact hold off time (seconds).	S16	059	059 s	0
X22	Contact hold off time (minutes).	S16	059	059 min	0
X23	Contact hold off time (hours).	S16	060	060 h	0
X24	Efficient control range min	S16	010000	0100,00 %	0
X25	Efficient control range max	S16	010000	0100,00 %	10000
X26	COV limit for voltage.	S16	15000	0,0015,000 V	100
X27	COV limit for temperature.	S16	1500	0,150,0 °C	5
X28	COV limit for humidity.	S16	15000	0,0150,00 %	500
X29	COV limit for CO ₂ .	S16	11000	01000 ppm	50
X30	COV limit for resistance, high.	U16	115000	10150000 Ω	50
X31	COV limit for resistance, low.	S16	11000	0,1100,0 Ω	100
X32	Resistance high, minimum.	U16	030000	0300000 Ω	0
X33	Resistance high, maximum.	U16	030000	0300000 Ω	1000
X34	Resistance high, offset.	S16	-1000010000	-100000100000 Ω	0

Holding registers for outputs

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an X in the middle. Replace the X with the output number you are adjusting.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
1X00	Output type.	S16	0 - 1	0. Not in use 1. Analogue voltage	0
Registers 1	X011X23 are not in use.		l	l	
1X24	Output voltage at 0 %.	S16	010000	010,000 V	0
1X25	Output voltage at 100 %.	S16	010000	010,000 V	10000
Registers 1	X261X45 are not in use.		1		



Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
1X46	Output source type.	S16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - 7 - 8 - 9 - 10 - 11 - 12	 BMS Input 1 Input 2 Input 3 Input 4 Input 5 Input 6 Wireless input 1 Wireless input 2 Wireless input 3 Wireless input 4 Wireless input 5 Wireless input 5 Wireless input 6 	0
1X47	Output overdrive input.	S16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - 7 - 8 - 9 - 10 - 11 - 12	 Not in use Input 1 Input 2 Input 3 Input 4 Input 5 Input 6 Wireless input 1 Wireless input 2 Wireless input 3 Wireless input 4 Wireless input 5 Wireless input 4 	0

Holding registers for common value over bus 1 configuration

() NOTE Note: The values that are marked with "-" depend on the transmitters' properties.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
10910	Common value sending for all transmitters over the bus 1. If disabled, the transmitter specific VOB settings are used.	U16	0 - 1	0. Enabled 1. Disabled	0
10911	Value type over the bus 1.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 12	See the list of available values from the chapter Available value over bus (VOB) value types on page 61.	0
10912	Value to send over the bus 1.	U16	-	-	0

Holding registers for common value over bus 2 configuration

() NOTE Note: The values that are marked with "-" depend on the transmitters' properties.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
10913	Common value sending for all transmitters over the bus 2. If disabled, the transmitter specific VOB settings are used.	U16	0 - 1	0. Enabled 1. Disabled	0

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7.20)20	60 (69)

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
10914	Value type over the bus 2.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 12	See the list of available values from the chapter Available value over bus (VOB) value types on page 61.	0
10915	Value to send over the bus 2.	U16	-	-	0

Holding registers for common value over bus 3 configuration

Note: The values that are marked with "-" depend on the transmitters' properties.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
10916	Common value sending for all transmitters over the bus 3. If disabled, the transmitter specific VOB settings are used.	U16	0 - 1	0. Enabled 1. Disabled	0
10917	Value type over the bus 3.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 12	See the list of available values from the chapter Available value over bus (VOB) value types on page 61.	0
10918	Value to send over the bus 3.	U16	-	-	0

Holding registers for transmitter specific value over bus 1 configuration

() NOTE Note: The transmitter specific value type must be the same for all transmitters.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
11300	Transmitter value type, ID 1.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 12	See the list of available values from the chapter Available value over bus (VOB) value types on page 61.	0
11301	Transmitter value type, ID 2.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 12	See the list of available values from the chapter Available value over bus (VOB) value types on page 61.	0
11399	Transmitter value type, ID 100.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 12	See the list of available values from the chapter Available value over bus (VOB) value types on page 61.	0

Holding registers for transmitter specific value over bus 2 configuration

() NOTE Note: The transmitter specific value type must be the same for all transmitters.



61	(69)

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
11400	Transmitter value type, ID 1.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 12	See the list of available values from the chapter Available value over bus (VOB) value types on page 61.	0
11401	Transmitter value type, ID 2.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 12	See the list of available values from the chapter Available value over bus (VOB) value types on page 61.	0
11499	Transmitter value type, ID 100.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 12	See the list of available values from the chapter Available value over bus (VOB) value types on page 61.	0

Holding registers for transmitter specific value over bus 1

The available values depend on the settings made in the chapter Holding registers for transmitter specific value over bus 1 configuration on page 60.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
11600	Transmitter value to send over bus 1, ID 1.	U16	-	-	0
11601	Transmitter value to send over bus 1, ID 2.	U16	-	-	0
11699	Transmitter value to send over bus 1, ID 100.	U16	-	-	0

Holding registers for transmitter specific value over bus 2

The available values depend on the settings made in the chapter Holding registers for transmitter specific value over bus 2 configuration on page 60.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
11700	Transmitter value to send over bus 2, ID 1.	U16	-	-	0
11701	Transmitter value to send over bus 2, ID 2.	U16	-	-	0
11799	Transmitter value to send over bus 2, ID 100.	U16	-	-	0

Available value over bus (VOB) value types

Register value	Value description	Data type	Values	Range
0	VOB is not in use.	-	-	-



Register value	Value description	Data type	Values	Range
1	Temperature	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C
2	Humidity	S16	010000	0100,00 %rH
3	CO ₂	S16	010000	010000 ppm
8	Hot water consumption (Finnish)	S16	030000	030000 m ³ LV
9	Cold water consumption (Finnish)	S16	030000	030000 m ³ KV
11	Indoor temperature	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C C _{IN}
12	Outdoor temperature	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C C _{OUT}

Holding registers for measurement alarm limits

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
12000	Low temperature alarm limit.	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C	0
12001	High temperature alarm limit.	S16	-10001000	-100,0100,0 °C	0
12002	Low humidity alarm limit.	S16	010000	0100,00 %rH	0
12003	High humidity alarm limit.	S16	010000	0100,00 %rH	0
12004	Low CO ₂ alarm limit.	S16	010000	010000 ppm	0
12005	High CO_2 alarm limit.	S16	010000	010000 ppm	0

Holding registers for wireless inputs

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an X in the middle. Replace the X with the input number you are adjusting.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
14X00	Selected transmitter.	S16	0100	0 = Off, ID 1100	0
14X01	Source value (transmitter register).	S16	0	 Temperature Humidity Additional measurement 1 (CO₂) Additional measurement 2 Additional measurement 3 Additional measurement 4 External input 1 External input 2 External input 3 External input 4 I2C value 1 I1.I2C value 2 I2.I2C value 3 	0
14X02	Input overdrive status.	S16	0 - 1	0. Disabled 1. Enabled	0
14X03	Input overdrive value.	S16	010000	0100,00 %	0



Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
14X04	Minimum value.	S16	-3276832767	-3276832767	0
14X05	Maximum value.	S16	-3276832767	-3276832767	0
14X06	Value of input when the transmitter is offline.	S16	-110000	-1 = last known value, 0100,00 %	0
14X07	Contact on value.	S16	010000	0100,00 %	0
14X08	Contact off value.	S16	010000	0100,00 %	0
14X09	Contact hold on time (seconds).	S16	059	059 s	0
14X10	Contact hold on time (minutes).	S16	059	059 min	0
14X11	Contact hold on time (hours).	S16	060	060 h	0
14X12	Contact hold off time (seconds).	S16	059	059 s	0
14X13	Contact hold off time (minutes).	S16	059	059 min	0
14X14	Contact hold off time (hours).	S16	060	060 h	0
14X15	Value type.	U16	065535	065535	0

Holding registers for measurement group settings

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an X in the middle. Replace the X with the measurement group number (1...5) you are adjusting.

() NOTE Note: The values that are marked with "-" depend on the transmitters' properties.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
12X00	Measured property.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3	0. N/A 1. Temperature 2. Humidity 3. CO ₂	0
12X01	Sensor mask.	U16	bits 011	 Internal temperature Internal humidity Internal CO₂ Additional measurement 1 Additional measurement 2 Additional measurement 3 Additional measurement 4 Additional measurement 5 External input 1 External input 2 External input 3 External input 4 	0
12X02	Transmitters that are included in the group, ID 116.	U16	bits 015	ID 116	0
12X03	Transmitters that are included in the group, ID 1732.	U16	bits 015	ID 1732	0
12X04	Transmitters that are included in the group, ID 3348.	U16	bits 015	ID 3348	0



Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
12X05	Transmitters that are included in the group, ID 4964.	U16	bits 015	ID 4964	0
12X06	Transmitters that are included in the group, ID 6580.	U16	bits 015	ID 6580	0
12X07	Transmitters that are included in the group, ID 8196.	U16	bits 015	ID 8196	0
12X08	Transmitters that are included in the group, ID 97100.	U16	bits 03	ID 97100	0
12X09	Highest value used in the average calculation.	U16	-	-	0
12X10	Lowest value used in the average calculation.	U16	-	-	0

Holding registers for register grouping

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
18000	Register to be grouped, set 1. The selected Modbus address will be grouped from all transmitters to the input registers 1800018099.	U16	099	099 (Transmitter Modbus register number)	51
18001	Register to be grouped, set 2. The selected Modbus address will be grouped from all transmitters to the input registers 1810018199.	U16	099	099 (Transmitter Modbus register number)	52
18002	Register to be grouped, set 3. The selected Modbus address will be grouped from all transmitters to the input registers 1820018299.	U16	099	099 (Transmitter Modbus register number)	53
18003	Register to be grouped, set 4. The selected Modbus address will be grouped from all transmitters to the input registers 1830018399.	U16	099	099 (Transmitter Modbus register number)	54
18004	Register to be grouped, set 5. The selected Modbus address will be grouped from all transmitters to the input registers 1840018499.	U16	099	099 (Transmitter Modbus register number)	57
18005	Register to be grouped, set 6. The selected Modbus address will be grouped from all transmitters to the input registers 1850018599.	U16	099	099 (Transmitter Modbus register number)	58
18006	Register to be grouped, set 7. The selected Modbus address will be grouped from all transmitters to the input registers 1860018699.	U16	099	099 (Transmitter Modbus register number)	59
18007	Register to be grouped, set 8. The selected Modbus address will be grouped from all transmitters to the input registers 1870018799.	U16	099	099 (Transmitter Modbus register number)	60
18008	Register to be grouped, set 9. The selected Modbus address will be grouped from all transmitters to the input registers 1880018899.	U16	099	099 (Transmitter Modbus register number)	23



Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
18009	Register to be grouped, set 10. The selected Modbus address will be grouped from all transmitters to the input registers 1890018999.	U16	099	099 (Transmitter Modbus register number)	24

Holding registers for wireless transmitters

Holding registers for transmitter user interface settings

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.

() NOTE Note: The values that are marked with "-" depend on the transmitters' properties.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
2XX27	Display brightness.	U16	110	010	5
2XX28	Display scrolling mode.	U16	0 - 1	 Upper value scrolling, lower value is static Lower value scrolling, higher value is static 	0
2XX29	Static value selection.	U16	1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - 7 - 8 - 9 - 10 - 11 - 12 - 13 - 14 -15 - 16	 Temperature Humidity Additional measurement 1 (CO₂) Additional measurement 2 Additional measurement 3 Additional measurement 4 External input 1 External input 1 External input 3 External input 4 I1.I2C value 1 I2.I2C value 2 I3.I2C value 3 Value over bus 1 Value over bus 2 Value over bus 3 	1



Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
2XX30	Scrolling value selection.	U16	bits 015	 Temperature Humidity Additional measurement 1 (CO₂) Additional measurement 2 Additional measurement 3 Additional measurement 4 External input 1 External input 2 External input 3 External input 4 I2C value 1 I1.I2C value 2 I2.I2C value 3 Value over bus 1 Value over bus 2 Value over bus 3 	2
2XX31	Scrolling delay. Time to show each value on display. Affects also to display off delay. Display off delay = (number of items in scrolling value selection) * (display scrolling delay).	U16	130	130 s	10

Holding registers for transmitter measurement settings

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
2XX38	External input 1.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - 7	 Off 010 V 020 mA Resistance x 0,1 Resistance x 10 NTC 10 Pt1000 Contact 	0
2XX39	External input 2.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6	 Off 010 V 020 mA Resistance x 0,1 Resistance x 10 NTC 10 Pt1000 Contact 	0



Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
2XX40	External input 3.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6	 Off 010 V 020 mA Resistance x 0,1 Resistance x 10 NTC 10 Pt1000 Contact 	0
2XX41	External input 4.	U16	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6	 Off 010 V 2. 020 mA 3. Resistance x 0,1 4. Resistance x 10 5. NTC 10 6. Pt1000 7. Contact 	0
2XX42	I2C input 1.	U16	065535	Upper 8 bits = I2C sensor type. Lower 8 bits = value selection (each known sensor has list of values that can be read)	0
2XX43	I2C input 2.	U16	065535	Upper 8 bits = I2C sensor type. Lower 8 bits = value selection (each known sensor has list of values that can be read)	0
2XX44	I2C input 3.	U16	065535	Upper 8 bits = I2C sensor type. Lower 8 bits = value selection (each known sensor has list of values that can be read)	0
2XX45	Automatic self-calibration of CO_2 measurement.	U16	0 - 1	0. Disabled 1. Enabled	1
2XX46	PIR detection delay.	U16	05	05 s	0
2XX47	Measurement update interval.	U16	0 / 565535	0 = function disabled, 565535 s	0



Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
2XX48	Change of value (COV) selection.	U16	bits 012	 Temperature Humidity Additional measurement 1 (CO₂) Additional measurement 2 Additional measurement 3 Additional measurement 4 External input 1 External input 2 External input 3 External input 4 IO.I2C value 1 I1.I2C value 2 I2.I2C value 3 	0

Holding registers for COV settings

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.

() NOTE Note: The values that are marked with "-" depend on the transmitters' properties.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
2XX49	COV limit for temperature.	S16	1500	0,150,0 °C	5
2XX50	COV limit for humidity.	S16	15000	0,0150,00 %rH	500
2XX51	COV limit for additional measurement 1 (CO ₂).	-	-	-	0
2XX52	COV limit for additional measurement 2.	-	-	-	0
2XX53	COV limit for additional measurement 3.	-	-	-	0
2XX54	COV limit for additional measurement 4.	-	-	-	0
2XX55	COV limit for external measurement 1.	-	-	-	0
2XX56	COV limit for external measurement 2.	-	-	-	0
2XX57	COV limit for external measurement 3.	-	-	-	0
2XX58	COV limit for external measurement 4.	-	-	-	0
2XX59	COV limit for I2C value 1.	-	-	-	0
2XX60	COV limit for I2C value 2.	-	-	-	0
2XX61	COV limit for I2C value 3.	-	-	-	0

Holding registers for transmitter measurement tuning

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.



Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
2XX62	Temperature offset.	S16	-500500	-50,050,0 °C	0
2XX63	Humidity offset.	S16	-50005000	-50,0050,00 %rH	0
2XX64	Additional measurement 1 offset (CO_2) .	-	-	-	0
2XX65	Additional measurement 2 offset.	-	-	-	0
2XX66	Additional measurement 3 offset.	-	-	-	0
2XX67	Additional measurement 4 offset.	-	-	-	0
2XX68	External measurement 1 offset.	-	-	-	0
2XX69	External measurement 2 offset.	-	-	-	0
2XX70	External measurement 3 offset.	-	-	-	0
2XX71	External measurement 4 offset.	-	-	-	0
2XX72	I2C value 1 offset.	-	-	-	0
2XX73	I2C value 2 offset.	-	-	-	0
2XX74	I2C value 3 offset.	-	-	-	0

() NOTE Note: The values that are marked with "-" depend on the transmitters' properties.

Holding registers for transmitter output settings

Table reading instruction: The register numbers include an XX in the middle. Replace the XX with the transmitter ID - 1 value. For example, a transmitter with the ID 6: XX = 05.

Holding register	Parameter description	Data type	Values	Range	Default
2XX75	Output 1 mode.	U16			0
2XX76	Output 2 mode.	U16			0
2XX77	Output 3 mode.	U16			0
2XX78	Output 4 mode.	U16			0
2XX79	Output 1 overdrive value.	U16	010000	0100,00 %	0
2XX80	Output 2 overdrive value.	U16	010000	0100,00 %	0
2XX81	Output 3 overdrive value.	U16	010000	0100,00 %	0
2XX82	Output 4 overdrive value.	U16	010000	0100,00 %	0